## **TAXATION COMMITTEE**

MLS 2/10/2021 9:06 AM

## 130<sup>th</sup> LEGISLATURE 1st REG SESSION

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT <sup>1</sup>
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
23	175			Pouliot	An Act To Reinstate and Increase the Income Tax Deduction for Contributions to Education Savings Plans	This bill reinstates and increases the income tax deduction for contributions to so-called Section 529 education savings plans, providing a deduction up to \$1,000 per designated beneficiary. A deduction up to \$250 was in effect from 2007 to 2015.			
80	88	2/9			An Act To Provide Critical Communications for Family Farms, Businesses and Residences by Strategic Public Investment in High- speed Internet and broadband Infrastructure (Emergency)	<ol> <li>This emergency bill requires:         <ol> <li>Beginning with sales occurring on or after 6/1/21</li> <li>33% of sales and use tax revenue collected by the State Tax Assessor from marketplace facilitators, with respect to marketplace-facilitated sales, after required transfers to other funds, be transferred monthly to the ConnectMaine Authority</li> </ol> </li> <li>Must be used to further deployment of high-speed Internet and broadband infrastructure to unserved and underserved areas of the State.</li> <li>Takes effect when approved.</li> </ol>			
86	86	2/9		McCrea	An Act To Make Sales to Area Agencies on Aging Tax-exempt	This bill provides an exemption from the sales and use tax to:  1. Area agencies on aging, as designated by the DHHS, and  2. Public and private nonprofit agencies that are operating under grants provided by DHHS and that provide social services in order to secure and maintain maximum independence and dignity in a home environment for older people capable of selfcare with appropriate supportive services.  Same bill was introduced in 129th Legislature; unanimous OTPA from TAX; died in Appropriations Table at end of 129th, 2d Regular Session.			

Numbers may represent preliminary estimates and are subject to change. For more detail, please see fiscal note documents in LD file.

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94	253				An Act To Allow Municipalities to Exempt Volunteer Firefighters from Paying Excise Tax on Their Vehicles Used To Respond to Fire Calls	This bill authorizes municipalities to adopt an ordinance extending a vehicle excise tax exemption to volunteer firefighters.			
136	705			Hanley	An Act To Increase the Maximum Pension Deduction for State Income Tax	This bill increases the maximum annual income tax pension deduction amount for nonmilitary retirement pensions from \$10,000 to \$35,000 over a 5-year period beginning with the 2021 tax year. The \$35,000 pension deduction amount that applies after the 2025 tax year is subject to an annual inflation adjustment.			
140	320	2/9		Dillingham	An Act To Assist Certain Businesses in the State That Sell Prepared Food or Alcohol	This bill permits retailers selling prepared food or liquor sold by establishments licensed for on-premises sales and taxed at 8% to retain 1/8 of the sales tax collected on those sales to cover administrative expenses.			
141	111				An Act To Make Technical Changes to the Tax Laws	This bill makes technical changes to the tax laws. For changes to the income tax law, Part A:  1. Authorizes the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services to disclose information to the Finance Authority of Maine necessary for the administration of the seed capital investment tax credit in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 5216-B. The authority is responsible for certifying investments that are eligible for the credit;  2. Amends Title 36. section 5164, subsection 2, a provision of the Maine fiduciary income tax law, to incorporate gender-neutral terms, delete a duplicate word and make other technical textual changes;  3. Repeals the additional tax on lump-sum retirement plan distributions, which does not apply to tax years beginning after 2012;  4. Repeals the additional tax on early distributions from qualified retirement plans, which does not apply to tax years beginning after 2012;  5. Clarifies that, for both the tax imposed on insurance companies pursuant to Title 36, chapter 357 and on persons pursuant to Title 36, Part 8, for purposes of the employer credit for family and medical leave, "employees based in the State" means employees that perform more than 50% of employee-related activities for the employer at a location in Maine. This change			

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent	ACTION			
						eliminating corporate tax expenditures totaling \$6,000,000 per biennium by February 6, 2016.				

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146	110	2/23			Resolve, Authorizing the State Tax	This resolve authorizes the State Tax Assessor to				
						convey the interest of the State in several parcels of				
						real estate in the Unorganized Territory.				
					Unorganized Territory					
147	109			Terry	•	The bill does the following. Part A updates references to				
						the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986				
					of 1986 Contained in the Maine	contained in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36 to				
						refer to the United States Internal Revenue Code of				
					Tax Modifications and the Maine	1986 as amended through December 31, 2020, for tax				
						years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and for any				
						prior tax year as specifically provided by the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.				
						Part B requires an addition modification for taxable				
						income for income tax purposes for federal excess				
						business losses allowed to noncorporate taxpayers				
						pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic				
						Security Act, or "CARES Act," for taxable years				
						beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January				
						1, 2021 and a subtraction modification for the carry-over				
						of this amount in future years. Part C requires an				
						addition modification for taxable income for income tax				
						purposes of the federal business interest deduction that				
						exceeds 30% of adjusted taxable income pursuant to				
						the CARES Act for taxable years beginning on or after				
						January 1, 2019 and before January 1, 2021 and a				
						subtraction modification for the carry-over of this				
						amount in tax years beginning on or after January 1,				
						2021. Part D excludes qualified improvement property				
						placed in service after December 31, 2017 and prior to				
						January 1, 2020 from the Maine capital investment				
						income tax credit. Part E requires an addition				
						modification for taxable income for income tax purposes				
						for the additional charitable contribution deduction				
						allowed to corporations pursuant to the CARES Act for taxable years beginning after January 1, 2019 and				
						before January 1, 2020 and a subtraction modification				
						for the carry-over of this amount in future years. Part F				
						updates and simplifies Maine income tax law by				
						conforming the Maine income tax with the federal net				
						operating loss limitation, generally known as "the 80%				
						taxable income limitation," and the CARES Act				
						suspension of the limitation. This Part and Maine's				
						conformity to the CARES Act net operating loss				
						limitation suspension in Part A apply retroactively to tax				
						years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Under Part				

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						F, the 80% taxable income limitation applies to tax years beginning after 2020. Part G expands the addition modification for the amount of the global intangible low taxed income deduction. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, the modification is for the total amount of the foreign-derived intangible income and global intangible low-taxed income deduction claimed in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section 250(a).			
168	538	2/16			An Act To Provide a Tax Break for Businesses That Employ People with Disabilities	This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208.  This bill proposes to provide a payroll tax cut for businesses that employ people with disabilities.			
179	30	2/23		Kessler	An Act To Exclude Energy Efficiency Improvements from Property Tax	This bill provides property tax exemptions for energy efficiency improvements and requires the Efficiency Maine Trust to identify and make available and list such improvements.			
188	642	2/23			An Act Regarding the Transportation of Products in the Forest Products Industry	This bill requires that owners and managers of log yards and mill sites present a copy of a trip ticket to a forest ranger in the log yard or mill site upon request. The bill adds a requirement related to the transportation of forest products by providing that a landowner of 50,000 or more acres of forest land in the State may not allow the transportation of forest products harvested on the landowner's land from a location in the State to another location in the State in violation of federal law or regulation or an international trade agreement that prohibits the transportation of goods from a location in the United States. The bill also provides that a landowner with 2 prior violations of the new transportation requirement is ineligible for classification of the landowner's land under the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law and the landowner may not receive certain tax incentives or state grants or other state funding.			
191	395				An Act To Permit Municipalities To Provide Assistance to Veterans in Paying Property Taxes	This bill authorizes municipalities to adopt a program that provides benefits to veterans and their eligible family members who own or rent a homestead in the municipality. The benefit for owners is based on the impact of property tax equalization on the amount received as a property tax exemption compared to the			

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						amount that would have applied if no equalization was applied. The benefit for renters is \$100.				
198	717	2/23			An Act To Improve Maine's Tax Laws by Providing a Property Tax Exemption for Central Labor Council	This bill provides a property tax exemption for real estate and personal property owned and occupied or used solely for their own purposes by central labor councils.				
201	780	2/16		Libby		This bill extends the income tax credit for rehabilitation of historic properties.by amending the definition of "certified qualified rehabilitation expenditure" to extend from December 31, 2025 to December 31, 2040 the date by which the United States Department of the Interior, National Park Service must determine a proposed rehabilitation of a structure meets its standards for rehabilitation in order for a taxpayer to claim an income tax credit for a qualified rehabilitation expenditure.				
217	315	2/16		Fecteau	An Act To Make Contributions Made To Pay Off School Meal Debt Tax- deductible	This bill provides an income tax deduction for a person who makes a contribution to a public or nonprofit private elementary or secondary school to cover school meal debt if the person making the contribution is not the parent of a student or a person otherwise obligated to cover the costs of a student				
229	435			Farrin		This bill increases the annual cap on eligible investment in any one business eligible for the seed capital tax credit from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 and the aggregate cap on eligible investment in any one eligible business from \$3,500,000 to \$6,000,000.				
241	1198	2/16		Curry	An Act To Support the Trades through a Tax Credit for Apprenticeship Programs -	This bill provides an Income tax credit up to \$2,500 for an employer employing an apprentice participating in an apprenticeship program registered by the Maine Apprenticeship Program administered by the Maine Department of Labor.				
262	658	2/16		Roberts	An Act To Combat Hunger by Creating a Tax Credit of 10 Percent of Wholesale Market Prices up to \$5,000 Annually for Businesses Engaged in Food Production for Donations of Food to Tax-exempt Organizations -	Income tax credit for producers who donate food to hunger organizations.				

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276	371			Berry	An Act To Improve and Update Maine's Tax Laws	Concept draft to improve and update tax laws.				
288	551				Tax Law with Federal Law To Exempt Paycheck Protection Program Loans from Being Considered Taxable Income	This bill conforms Maine tax law to federal income tax treatment of loan forgiveness under Section 1106(i) of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, by providing an income tax exclusion for income attributable to paycheck protection program loan forgiveness that is excluded from federal gross income.				
290	346			Stewart	Individuals 65 Years of Age or Older Who Own a Homestead for at Least 10 Years	This bill requires a municipality to maintain the property tax on the homestead of a permanent resident who is at least 65 years of age at the amount billed in the year prior to an application for stabilization. The amount by which the property tax assessed exceeds the stabilized amount must be paid to the municipality by the State. If an eligible individual moves to a different municipality, the stabilized property tax amount continues at the new location. An applicant for stabilization must be a permanent resident of the State and must have owned a homestead for at least 10 years. An application for stabilization must be made each year to continue eligibility.				
296	206			Cloutier	Family Caregivers	This bill expands the role of the Department of Health and Human Services with respect to the Respite Care Fund to include services for family caregivers. It provides a refundable income tax credit of \$2,000 for certified family caregivers and permits eligible family caregivers to choose to receive services or a tax credit. It requires the department, by routine technical rulemaking, to prescribe the details of eligibility for family caregiver services and the tax credit within the context of the Respite Care Fund and the National Family Caregiver Support Program. The bill requires the department to establish a stakeholder group to assist in carrying out the purposes of the family caregiver program, evaluating the effect of the program and assisting with the compilation of an annual report. The bill requires that revenue losses to the General Fund attributable to the family caregiver income tax credit be reimbursed from the Respite Care Fund and provides that aggregate expenditures under the Respite Care Fund may not exceed \$5,000,000 annually excluding existing funds and federal revenue.				

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308	849				Increasing and Marketing the Research Expense Tax Credit	This bill increases the research expense tax credit by doubling the expenditures eligible for the credit and the maximum amount of the credit that may be claimed. The bill also provides ongoing funds of \$100,000 per year beginning in fiscal year 2021-22 to the Department of Economic and Community Development to advertise and market the research expense tax credit.			
328	711				An Act To Fully Fund and Restore State-Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill increases state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% from 3.75% in the final 6 months of fiscal year 2020-21. Current law restores state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% beginning in fiscal year 2021-22.			
351	1552	2/23			and State-owned Property	This bill changes the property tax exemption for state- owned property by requiring the State to pay municipal property taxes on the state-owned property in a municipality that exceeds 10% of the total valuation of taxable property in the municipality.			
392	1798			Terry		This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would amend the tax laws.			
401	446			Underwood		This bill creates a sales and use tax exemption for an incorporated nonprofit cemetery that is exempt from federal income tax under the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986.			
403	622			Madigan	Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill, for fiscal years 2021-22 and 2022-23, sets the percentage of state-municipal revenue sharing at 4.25%, which is one-half of a percentage point above the amount proposed in the Governor's 2021-2022 budget.			
409	1054				Revenue Sharing	This bill increases state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% from 3.75% in the final 6 months of fiscal year 2020-21. Current law restores state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% beginning in fiscal year 2021-22.			
412	606				Increment Financing Funds for Constructing or Renovating Municipal Offices and Other Buildings	This bill permits revenue from tax increment financing districts to be used for the construction or renovation of municipal offices or other buildings and limits the revenue that may be used to \$1,000,000 during a 20-year period for any one tax increment financing district. The bill also corrects a conflict in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5225, subsection 1, paragraph C, which was amended by Public Law 2019, chapter 604 and chapter 625, by incorporating the changes made by both laws.			
418	782				An Act To Create a Graduated Real Estate Transfer Tax	This bill decreases the rate of the real estate transfer tax on the first \$150,000 of value of a primary residence to \$1.50 for each \$500 or fractional part of \$500 of the value and increases the tax rate on the value of a			

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						primary residence exceeding \$150,000 and on all other			
						property to \$2.50 for each \$500 or fractional part of			
						\$500 of the value.			