TAXATION COMMITTEE

MLS 4/27/2021 11:03 AM

130th LEGISLATURE 1st REG SESSION

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	. IMPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
23	175	3/24	4/1			This bill 1. reinstates the income tax deduction for contributions to Section 529 education savings plans and 2. increases the maximum amount allowed to \$1,000 per designated beneficiary. Begins 1/1/21 tax years. A deduction up to \$250 was in effect from 2007 to 2015. Similar bill LD 71 in 129th Legislature. Died on Appropriations Table at end of 129th. FAME recommends changing application date to 1/1/22 tax years.	OTPA/ ONTP	fisca	ninary estimate il impact \$33,000 \$1 million/year
80	88	2/9	4/1		Communications for Family Farms, Businesses and Residences by Strategic Public Investment in High- speed Internet and broadband Infrastructure (Emergency)	 This emergency bill requires: Beginning with sales occurring on or after 6/1/21 33% of sales and use tax revenue collected by the State Tax Assessor from marketplace facilitators, with respect to marketplace-facilitated sales, after required transfers to other funds, be transferred monthly to the ConnectMaine Authority Must be used to further deployment of high-speed Internet and broadband infrastructure to unserved and underserved areas of the State. Takes effect when approved. Questions raised at PH: Can Maine expect federal \$\$ to support broadband? Is there \$\$ in biennial budget for broadband? 	tabled	transfer \$15 to \$20 year beginning in F MRS indicates add	

Numbers may represent preliminary estimates and are subject to change. For more detail, please see fiscal note documents in LD file.

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						3. Is there federal COVID \$\$ for broadband?			
						4/1 tabled for further discussion.			
86	86	2/9	2/18		An Act To Make Sales to Area Agencies on Aging Tax-exempt	This bill provides an exemption from the sales and use tax to: 1. Area agencies on aging, as designated by the DHHS, and 2. Public and private nonprofit agencies that are operating under grants provided by DHHS and that provide social services in order to secure and maintain maximum independence and dignity in a home environment for older people capable of self-care with appropriate supportive services. Same bill (LD 726) was introduced in 129th Legislature; unanimous OTPA from TAX; died in Appropriations Table at end of 129th, 2d Regular Session.	OTPA fno	(\$25,650)	(\$62,700
94	253	4/2	4/8		An Act To Allow Municipalities to Exempt Volunteer Firefighters from Paying Excise Tax on Their Vehicles Used To Respond to Fire Calls	This bill <u>authorizes municipalities to adopt an ordinance</u> extending a <u>vehicle excise tax exemption to volunteer</u> firefighters for vehicle used to respond to fire calls.	ONTP		
136	705				An Act To Increase the Maximum Pension Deduction for State Income Tax	This bill increases the maximum annual income tax pension deduction amount for nonmilitary retirement pensions from current \$10,000 to \$35,000 over a 5-year period beginning with the 2021 tax year. The \$35,000 pension deduction amount that applies after the 2025 tax year is subject to an annual inflation adjustment.			
140	320	2/9	2/18		An Act To Assist Certain Businesses in the State That Sell Prepared Food or Alcohol	This bill permits retailers selling prepared food or liquor sold by establishments licensed for on-premises sales and taxed at 8% to retain 1/8 of the sales tax collected on those sales to cover administrative expenses. MRS has several policy and technical concern	ONTP/ OTPA	(\$11,371,500)	(\$33,444,750)
141	111	3/2	3/16	Terry	An Act To Make Technical Changes to the Tax Laws	This bill is submitted by MRS: This bill makes technical changes to the tax laws.	ОТРА		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL II	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						MRS CHART SUMMARIZING CHANGES POSTED ON			
						COMMITTEE MATERIALS WEBPAGE			
						AND PROPOSED AMENDMENT			
						http://legislature.maine.gov/9710			
						Part A, For changes to the <u>income tax law</u> :			
						Authorizes the Department of Administrative and			
						Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services to			
						disclose information to the Finance Authority of Maine necessary for the administration of the seed			
						capital investment tax credit in the Maine Revised			
						Statutes, Title 36, section 5216-B. The authority is			
						responsible for certifying investments that are			
						eligible for the credit;			
						2. Amends Title 36. section 5164, subsection 2, a			
						provision of the Maine fiduciary income tax law, to			
						incorporate gender-neutral terms, delete a duplicate			
						word and make other technical textual changes;			
						Repeals the additional tax on lump-sum			
						retirement plan distributions, which does not apply to			
						tax years beginning after 2012; 4. Repeals the additional tax on early distributions			
						from qualified retirement plans, which does not apply			
						to tax years beginning after 2012;			
						5. Clarifies that, for both the tax imposed on			
						insurance companies pursuant to Title 36, chapter			
						357 and on persons pursuant to Title 36, Part 8, for			
						purposes of the employer credit for family and			
						medical leave, "employees based in the State"			
						means employees that perform more than 50% of			
						employee-related activities for the employer at a			
						location in Maine. This change reflects administrative practice since implementation of the			
						credit:			
						6. Clarifies that a nonresident estate or trust that			
						does not have Maine taxable income or a Maine			
						income tax liability must nonetheless file a Maine			
						income tax return if the estate or trust has			
						distributable net income derived from or connected			
						with sources in Maine and gross income of \$10,000			
						or more. This change reflects long-standing			
						administrative practice; and			
						7. Amends Title 36, sections 5221 and 5228 to			
						incorporate gender-neutral terms.			

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Part B, changes to the sales tax law: 1. Amends the diabetic supplies exemption to require use by the purchaser; 2. Includes in Title 36 the effective date of 3 sales tax exemptions enacted in the First Regular Session of the 129th Legislature that did not take effect until after the adjournment of the Second Regular Session of the 129th Legislature and repeals conflicting public law provisions; 3. Clarifies the exemptions for nonprofit worldwide charitable organization; and 4. Removes the Mayo Regional Hospital in Dover-Foxcroft from the hospital tax definition of "municipally funded hospital."			
						Part C, changes to the property tax law: 1. Clarifies that the local assessor qualifying examination and individual examination results are confidential and thus not producible under a Freedom of Access Act request; 2. Clarifies that enhanced business equipment tax exemption reimbursement only applies to tax increment financing exempt business equipment when the reimbursement is used to fund a tax increment financing development program.			
						Part D, general changes to tax law: 1. Updates Title 36, section 173, concerning collection by warrant, to clarify the intent and make technical changes; and 2. Repeals requirement that TAX Committee report out a bill permanently eliminating corporate tax expenditures totaling \$6,000,000 per biennium by February 6, 2016.			
						MRS Proposed Amendment to Part C to make taxpayer identification numbers included in Commercial Forestry Excise Tax return are confidential.			
146	110	2/23		Terry	Resolve, Authorizing the State Tax Assessor To Convey the Interest of	This resolve authorizes the State Tax Assessor to convey the interest of the State in several parcels of real estate in the Unorganized Territory that were	OTPA fno		

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					the State in Certain Real Estate in the Unorganized Territory	acquired by the State because of nonpayment of property tax.			
						MRS submitted proposed amendment at PH to correct some of the amounts for one property. Available on line at: http://legislature.maine.gov/9710			
147	109				United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 Contained in the Maine Revised Statutes and Amend Income Tax Modifications and the Maine Capital Investments Tax Credit	The bill does the following. Part A updates references to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 contained in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36 to refer to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended through December 31, 2020, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and for any prior tax year as specifically provided by the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Part B requires an addition modification for taxable income for income tax purposes for federal excess business losses allowed to noncorporate taxpayers pursuant to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, or "CARES Act," for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2017 and before January 1, 2021 and a subtraction modification for the carry-over of this amount in future years. Part C requires an addition modification for taxable income for income tax purposes of the federal business interest deduction that exceeds 30% of adjusted taxable income pursuant to the CARES Act for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019 and before January 1, 2021 and a subtraction modification for the carry-over of this amount in tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021. Part D excludes qualified improvement property placed in service after December 31, 2017 and prior to January 1, 2020 from the Maine capital investment income tax credit. Part E requires an addition modification for taxable income for income tax purposes for the additional charitable contribution deduction allowed to corporations pursuant to the CARES Act for taxable years beginning after January 1, 2019 and before January 1, 2020 and a subtraction modification for the carry-over of this amount in future years. Part F updates and simplifies Maine income tax with the federal net operating loss limitation, generally known as "the 80% taxable income limitation," and the CARES Act suspension of the limitation. This Part and Maine's			

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						conformity to the CARES Act net operating loss limitation suspension in Part A apply retroactively to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Under Part F, the 80% taxable income limitation applies to tax years beginning after 2020. Part G expands the addition modification for the amount of the global intangible low taxed income deduction. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, the modification is for the total amount of the foreign-derived intangible income and global intangible low-taxed income deduction claimed in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code, Section			
						250(a).			
168	538	3/16	3/23		Disabilities	CONCEPT DRAFT: This bill proposes to provide a payroll tax cut for businesses that employ people with disabilities. SPONSOR PROPOSED AMENDMENT: Provides IT credit for employers who employ qualified disabled employees. Credit is equal to the difference between the wage paid and the subminimum wage that would have been allowed under federal law.	ONTP/ OTPA		
179	30	2/23	4/1		An Act To Exclude Energy Efficiency Improvements from Property Tax	This bill: 1. Provides property tax exemptions for energy efficiency improvements and 2. Requires the Efficiency Maine Trust (EMT) to identify and make available and list such improvements. 3. "Energy efficiency improvements" are improvements that A. meet or exceed federal "Energy Star" standards or similar EMT standards; or B. Involve weatherization in a manner approved by EMT Issues raised at public hearing: • Meaning of "energy efficiency Improvements" • Role of Efficiency Maine Trust • Impact on local revenue	OTPA	MRS estimate Admin costs: 2 positions \$190,000 to \$210,000	MRS estimate Admin costs: 2 positions \$190,000 to \$210,000
100	642	2/23		la alvae :	An Ast Degerating the Transportation	This hill	OTDA/		
188	042	2123			An Act Regarding the Transportation of Products in the Forest Products Industry	This bill 1. Requires that owners and managers of log yards and mill sites present a copy of a trip ticket to a forest ranger in the log yard or mill site upon request.	OTPA/ ONTP		

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						2. Adds a requirement related to the transportation of forest products by providing that a landowner of 50,000 or more acres of forest land in the State may not allow the transportation of forest products harvested on the landowner's land from a location in the State to another location in the State in violation of federal law or regulation or an international trade agreement that prohibits the transportation of goods from a location in the United States to another location in the United States. (cabotage) 3. Provides that a landowner with 2 prior violations of the new transportation requirement is ineligible for classification of the landowner's land under the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law, and 4. Provides that the landowner may not receive BETE, BETR, income tax credits or state grants or other state funding. Similar bill (LD 2061) presented in 129th R2 but was not reported out of committee before adjournment and died at end of session. Sponsor suggested changes in testimony at PH. pp.2-3 at the following link: http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/getTestimony Doc.asp?id=144118			
191	395	3/18	3/25		An Act To Permit Municipalities To Provide Assistance to Veterans in Paying Property Taxes	This bill <u>authorizes municipalities</u> to adopt a program that provides benefits: 1. to veterans and their eligible family members 2. who own or rent a homestead in the municipality. The <u>benefit for owners</u> is <u>based on the impact of property tax equalization</u> on the amount received as a property tax exemption compared to the amount that would have applied if no equalization of value was applied. The <u>benefit for renters</u> is \$100. <u>CURRENT LAW:</u> As required by the Maine Constitution the veteran's	OTPA		

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						If a municipality's valuation is at 90% of just value, the exemption is reduced to 90% of \$6,000 or \$5,400.			
						THIS BILL: provides a benefit to a homeowner equal to the difference in the reduction in property tax due to the equalization of the exemption amount.			
						Sponsor indicated intent to provide that benefit is not taxable under the income tax.			
198	717	2/23		·	by Providing a Property Tax Exemption for Central Labor Council	This bill provides a <u>property tax exemption</u> for real estate and personal property owned and occupied or used solely for their own purposes by <u>central labor</u> <u>councils</u> .	OTPA/ ONTP		
						The same language (LD 989) was reported out of TAX Committee during the 129th R2 and died on the Appropriations Table at the end of the 129th Legislature			
						<u>Estimated fiscal impact LD 989</u> : FY 22 \$1,625 FY 23 \$1,675			
201	780	3/18	3/25		Emissions and Promote Weatherization in the Buildings Sector by Extending the Sunset Date for the Historic Property Rehabilitation Tax Credit	This bill extends the income tax credit for rehabilitation of historic properties. by amending the definition of "certified qualified rehabilitation expenditure" to extend from 12/31/25 to 12/31/40 the date by which the proposed rehabilitation of a structure meets standards for rehabilitation established by the National Park Service.	OTPA		
						This expands the availability of the credit for 15 years. Technical amendment identified to also extend date for MeSHA review and report on % of affordability.			
						Materials submitted by Maine Preseration			
217	315	3/16	3/23		An Act To Make Contributions Made To Pay Off School Meal Debt Tax- deductible	This bill provides an income tax deduction for: 1. An individual or a corporation that makes a contribution to a public or nonprofit private elementary or secondary school 2. To cover student school meal debt	ONTP		

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						The deduction is <u>NOT</u> allowed if the person making the contribution is the <u>parent</u> of a student or a <u>person</u> otherwise obligated to cover the costs of a student			
						MRS has concerns.			
229	435	4/2	4/6		An Act To Increase Investment Caps in the Maine Seed Capital Tax Credit Program	This bill increases the annual cap on eligible investment in any one business eligible for the seed capital tax credit from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 and the aggregate cap on eligible investment in any one eligible business from \$3,500,000 to \$6,000,000. CURRENT LAW: Applies to investments by both individuals and private venture capital funds 1. Cap on aggregate investment in one business is \$3,500,000 and not more than \$2,000,000 in one year.			
						4/6 Tabled for more information/OPEGA report			
241	1198	3/18	3/25		An Act To Support the Trades through a Tax Credit for Apprenticeship Programs	income tax credit up to \$2,500 (based on % of hours worked during year) for an employer employing an apprentice participating in an apprenticeship program registered by the Maine Apprenticeship Program administered by the Maine Department of Labor. Begins with TY 2022.	tabled	Preliminary MRS Admin. costs (one time) Revenue loss: million/year	
262	658	3/18	3/25	Roberts	An Act To Combat Hunger by Creating	MRS has technical concerns; need for clarification. This bill provides an income tax credit for donations:	tabled	Preliminary MRS	S estimate
202	000	5, 10	0,20		a Tax Credit of 10 Percent of Wholesale Market Prices up to \$5,000 Annually for Businesses Engaged in Food Production for Donations of Food to Tax-exempt Organizations –	Of <u>agricultural products</u> , <u>aquacultural products or</u> <u>fishing products</u> By persons engaged in <u>commercial</u> agricultural	labled	Admin costs \$33,0	

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						requiring any other type of <u>compensation</u> from the low-income individuals.			
						The <u>credit is equal to 10% of the wholesale market price</u>			
						of the donated products up to a <u>maximum credit of</u> \$5,000.			
						MRS technical concerns; need for clarification.			
276	371			Berry	An Act To Improve and Update Maine's Tax Laws	Concept draft to improve and update tax laws.			
288	551				Tax Law with Federal Law To Exempt	This bill conforms Maine tax law to federal income tax treatment of loan forgiveness under Section 1106(i) of the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Public Law 116-136, by providing an income tax exclusion for income attributable to paycheck protection program loan forgiveness that is excluded from federal gross income.			
290	346				Individuals 65 Years of Age or Older Who Own a Homestead for at Least 10 Years	This bill requires a municipality to maintain the property tax on the homestead of a permanent resident who is at least 65 years of age at the amount billed in the year prior to an application for stabilization. The amount by which the property tax assessed exceeds the stabilized amount must be paid to the municipality by the State. If an eligible individual moves to a different municipality, the stabilized property tax amount continues at the new location. An applicant for stabilization must be a permanent resident of the State and must have owned a homestead for at least 10 years. An application for stabilization must be made each year to continue eligibility.			
296	206				An Act To Provide a Tax Credit for Family Caregivers	This bill expands the role of the Department of Health and Human Services with respect to the Respite Care Fund to include services for family caregivers. It provides a refundable income tax credit of \$2,000 for certified family caregivers and permits eligible family caregivers to choose to receive services or a tax credit. It requires the department, by routine technical rulemaking, to prescribe the details of eligibility for family caregiver services and the tax credit within the context of the Respite Care Fund and the National Family Caregiver Support Program. The bill requires the department to establish a stakeholder group to assist in carrying out the purposes of the family caregiver program, evaluating the effect of the program and			

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						assisting with the compilation of an annual report. The bill requires that revenue losses to the General Fund attributable to the family caregiver income tax credit be reimbursed from the Respite Care Fund and provides that aggregate expenditures under the Respite Care Fund may not exceed \$5,000,000 annually excluding existing funds and federal revenue.			
308	849	3/24	4/1	Stewart	An Act To Promote Research and Development in the State by Increasing and Marketing the Research Expense Tax Credit	This bill increases the research expense tax credit by: 1. doubling the expenditures eligible for the credit from 5% to 10% for expenditures over the federal base amount and from 7.5% to 15% of the federal basic research payments base amount and 2. doubling the maximum amount of the credit that may be claimed from \$25,000 to \$50,000. The bill also provides ongoing funds of \$100,000 per year beginning in fiscal year 2021-22 to DECD to advertise and market the research expense tax credit. DECD requests that funding be allowed to market other credits. 4/1 tabled for discussion with OPEGA about availability of its evaluation.	carryover		
328	711	3/9	3/18	Harnett	An Act To Fully Fund and Restore State-Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill increases state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% from 3.75% retroactively beginning 1/1/21. This bill is identical to LD 409. CURRENT LAW: RevSh % until 6/30/21 is 3.75% RevSh % beginning 7/1/21 is 5% OTHER PROPOSALS: LDs 328 and 409 set % at 5% 1/1/21. Biennial budget proposal: Maintain % at 3.75% through 6/30/23. Then returns to 5%. OFPR Compendium of State Fiscal Information includes history of Revenue Sharing percentages and transfers (p. 65)	OTPA/ ONTP	GF revenue loss: LD 328/409 FY 2021 \$1 FY 2022, 2023 \$4 (compared to bienni LD 403 FY 2022, 2023 \$3	5,000,000 47,000,000 ial budget proposal) 38,000,000 ial budget proposal)

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						http://legislature.maine.gov/doc/4877			
351	1552	2/23	3/4	Foster	and State-owned Property	This bill changes the property tax exemption for state-owned property by requiring the State to pay municipal property taxes on the state-owned property in a municipality that exceeds 10% of the total valuation of taxable property in the municipality. Begins with 4/1/22 property tax status MRS raised constitutional issues at PH. Charts submitted by Sponsor after PH: http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/getTestimony Doc.asp?id=144121	ONTP/ OPTA		
392	1798			Terry	An Act To Amend the Tax Laws	This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would amend the tax laws.			
401	446	3/24	3/29	Underwood		This bill creates a sales and use tax exemption for an incorporated nonprofit cemetery that is exempt from federal income tax under Sec. 501(c)(13) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Effective 1/1/22 IRC Sec. 501(c)(13) Exempt from fed IT "Cemetery companies owned and operated exclusively for the benefit of their members or which are not operated for profit; and any corporation chartered solely for the purpose of the disposal of bodies by burial or cremation which is not permitted by its charter to engage in any business not necessarily incident to that purpose and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual."	OTPA		
403	622	3/9	3/18	Madigan	An Act To Assist Service Center Communities by Adjusting State- Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill, for fiscal years 2021-22 and 2022-23, sets the percentage of state-municipal revenue sharing at 4.25%, which is one-half of a percentage point above	ONTP	MRS prelimir GF revenue loss:	ary estimate

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						the amount proposed in the Governor's 2022-2023 biennial budget.			\$5,000,000
						Despite bill title, there is no special benefit for service center communities.		(compared to bier	\$47,000,000 nnial budget proposal)
						CURRENT LAW: RevSh % until 6/30/21 is 3.75% RevSh % beginning 7/1/21 is 5%			\$38,000,000 nnial budget proposal)
						OTHER PROPOSALS: LDs 328 and 409 set % at 5% 1/1/21.			
						Biennial budget proposal: Maintain % at 3.75% through 6/30/23. Then returns to 5%.			
409	1054	3/9	3/18		An Act To Provide Funding To Restore Fully State-Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill increases state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% from 3.75% retroactively beginning 1/1/21.	ONTP	MRS prelir	minary estimate
					Ç	This bill is identical to LD 328.		GF revenue loss LD 328/409	:
						CURRENT LAW: RevSh % until 6/30/21 is 3.75% RevSh % beginning 7/1/21 is 5%		FY 2022, 2023	\$5,000,000 \$47,000,000 nnial budget proposal)
						OTHER PROPOSALS: LDs 328 and 409 set % at 5% 1/1/21.			\$38,000,000 nnial budget proposal)
						Biennial budget proposal: Maintain % at 3.75% through 6/30/23. Then returns to 5%.			
412	606	3/	3/16		An Act To Authorize the Use of Tax Increment Financing Funds for Constructing or Renovating Municipal Offices and Other Buildings	This bill: 1. Permits revenue from tax increment financing districts to be used for the construction or renovation of municipal offices or other buildings and 2. Limits the revenue that may be used for those purposes to \$1,000,000 during a 20-year period for any one tax increment financing district.	ONTP/ OTPA		

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						The bill also corrects a conflict in the Maine Revised			
						Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5225, subsection 1,			
						paragraph C, which was amended by Public Law 2019, chapter 604 and chapter 625, by incorporating the			
						changes made by both laws.			
						change made by boar laws.			
						Info provided by Rep. Carlow after PH:			
						http://legislature.maine.gov/doc/6275			
418	782	3/		Williams	An Act To Create a Graduated Real	CURRENT LAW:			
					Estate Transfer Tax	1. Current rate of real estate transfer tax is \$2.20 per			
						\$500 of value of the real property transferred for both			
						buyer and seller.			
						Distribution: Default distribution of tax revenue			
						A. 10% retained by county			
						B. 45% to GF			
						C. 45% to HOME Fund at MeSHA for housing			
						assistance.			
						Over the last 10+ years, funds have been diverted from the GF and the HOME Fund for other purposes. See			
						compendium. http://legislature.maine.gov/doc/6065			
						This bill:			
						Decreases the rate of the real estate transfer tax			
						on the first \$150,000 of value of a primary			
						residence to \$1.50 for each \$500 or fractional part			
						of \$500 of the value, and			
						2. Increases the tax rate on the value of a primary residence exceeding \$150,000 and on all other			
						property to \$2.50 for each \$500 or fractional part of			
						\$500 of the value.			
						At authlic hooding Don Kooolen in diseased I			
						At public hearing Rep. Kessler indicated he would be working with sponsor on an amendment.			
428	1634	4/15		Tepler	An Act To Prevent Tax Haven Abuse	This bill requires corporations that file unitary income			
						tax returns in Maine to include income from certain specified jurisdictions outside the United States			
						considered "tax havens" in net income when			
						apportioning income among tax jurisdictions.			
						The State Tax Assessor is required to adopt major			
	j			I		substantive rules to determine the income or loss			

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						attributable to such corporations and to prevent double taxation or deduction of income.			
						The <u>assessor is required to submit an annual report</u> to TAX Committee regarding <u>whether jurisdictions should</u> <u>be added to or deleted from the list of tax havens</u> based on specified criteria.			
435	1319	3/24	3/29			This bill provides a <u>sales and use tax exemption</u> for an incorporated nonprofit collaborative whose members are <u>regional school units</u> and that is organized to <u>assist those units</u> with <u>professional development opportunities and services</u> . <u>MRS suggests</u> that exemption be separated from exemption for government entities.	OTPA		
470	516				Served in the National Guard To	This bill provides that persons who served on active duty in the National Guard or the Reserves of the United States Armed Forces are considered veterans eligible for veterans' property tax exemptions.	LVWD		
484	1853			Chipman	· ·	This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would make specific changes to the laws governing taxation that are within the jurisdiction of the Joint Standing Committee on Taxation.			
495	1267	3/16	3/23	Osher		This bill increases the tax rate on the current top bracket under the individual income tax from 7.15% to 8.35% and adds a new bracket of 11.15% on taxable income exceeding \$100,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$150,000 for heads of household and \$200,000 for individuals filing married joint returns or surviving spouses. Current IIT bracket (single): Bracket amounts doubled for married joint; 1.5 for heads of household. \$0 to \$21,049 \$5.8% \$21,050 to \$49,999 6.75%		MRS Prelimin Not available at time	·
						\$21,050 to \$49,999 6.75% \$50,000 or more 7.15% <u>Bracket amounts in bill:</u> \$0 to \$21,049 5.8%			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IM	PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						\$21,050 to \$49,999 6.75% \$50,000 to \$99,999 8.35% \$100,000 and over 11.15%			
						Similar bills: LDs 532,570 LRs 743, 1679, 1756 (not yet printed)			
						MRS has technical and policy concerns.			
498	903	3/9	3/18		An Act To Reauthorize a 3 Percent Tax on Income over \$200,000 To Lift All Maine Workers out of Poverty	This bill: 1. Imposes a 3% income tax surcharge on taxable income exceeding \$200,000 and 2. Increases the Maine earned income tax credit from 25% of the federal credit to 100% of the federal credit. MRS concerns: 1. Does \$200,000 threshold apply to all filers (i.e. married joint filers and heads of household)? 2. Does the threshold apply to income of trusts and estates?	tabled	MRS preliminal Cannot be determined to coverage concerns. Estimated revenue on referendum: FY 18 \$176,300,000 FY 19 \$151,500,000 FY 20 \$161,300,000 FY 21 \$171,900,000	d without answers 3% for education 0 0 0
						3/18 tabled – Questions about 1. recent federal changes to EITC 2. previous referenda			
501	1123	3/9	3/18		An Act To Amend Maine's Corporate Income Tax by Increasing the Top Rate from 8.93 Percent to 12.4 Percent	This bill increases the income tax rate on corporations in the top income tax bracket from 8.93% to 12.4% for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Current corporate IT rates: \$0 to \$350,000	tabled	MRS prelimina Revenue increase: \$75,000,000/year Admin costs: Nominal, can be abso	,
						Corporate IT rates proposed by bill: \$0 to \$350,000 3.5% \$350,000 to \$1,050,000 7.93% \$1,050,000 to \$3,500,000 8.33% \$3,500,000 and over 12.4%			

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Link to Tax Foundation list of corporate income tax rates for all states. https://taxfoundation.org/publications/state-corporate-income-tax-rates-and-brackets/			
						3/18 Tabled for further discussion			
506	442	3/24	3/29	Berry	An Act To Reduce the Tax Burden on Low-income Electricity Customers	This bill provides a <u>sales and use tax exemption</u> for all <u>electricity consumed by residential customers</u> <u>participating in either a low-income assistance program or arrearage management program approved by the <u>Maine PUC</u>. This exemption maximizes the value of the benefit from the subsidies provided to participants in these programs.</u>	OTPA		
						CURRENT LAW: Sales tax exemption for 1. first 750KWH per month for residential electricity and 2. off peak residential electricity for space heating or water heating by electric thermal storage device			
527	1171	4/13			An Act To Exempt MaineCare Appendix C Private Nonmedical Institutions from the Service Provider Tax	This bill exempts from the service provider tax so-called MaineCare Appendix C private nonmedical institutions, which are residential care facilities maintained wholly or partly for the purpose of providing residents with medical and remedial services.			
						The service provider tax continues to apply to private nonmedical institution services that are provided by MaineCare Appendix B, D, E or F private nonmedical institutions. (Application to Appendix F is unclear)			
						HISTORY IN 129TH A similar bill was considered during the 1st Regular Session of the 129th Legislature. It was changed to a Resolve (c. 81) directing DHHS and MRS to examine and evaluate the tax including alternatives and report to the 2d Reg. Session by 3/1/20.			
						Issues were complicated by federal (CMS) challenges to portions of the SPT and the State's ability to use it as match for federal Medicaid funding.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	_ IMPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent	ACTION	FY22	FY23
532	1790	3/16	3/23	Baldacci	An Act To Lower Income Taxes for Middle-income Families in Maine	Committee action) This bill provides: 1. In income tax credit that reduces income taxes by 10% for: (A) individuals filing as single individuals and married persons filing separately with taxable income under \$60,000, (B) heads of households with taxable income under \$90,000 and (C) individuals filing married joint returns and surviving spouses with taxable income under \$120,000. 2. New upper income tax bracket with tax rate of 7.95%:. CURRENTLAW: IIT bracket (single): Bracket amounts doubled for married joint; 1.5 for heads of household. \$0 to \$21,049	tabled	MRS prelim	ninary estimates \$11,000
534	1848	3/18	3/25	Chipman	An Act To Allow Tax Abatements for Catastrophic Loss	\$50,000 to \$199,999 7.15% \$200,000 and over 7.95% This bill allows municipal assessors, or the State Tax Assessor for property in the unorganized territory, to abate the property taxes of real property that: 1. due to destruction by flood, fire, explosion or natural disaster 2. occurring after 4/1 tax status date 3. suffers at least a 50% decrease in just value to improvements on that real property. MRS has technical and potential constitutional concerns. 3/25WS not taken up	tabled		

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)		FY22	FY23
538	996	3/24	3/29	Miramant		This bill provides a <u>sales and use tax exemption</u> for trailers that are purchased in the State by a nonresident and then driven or transported outside the State immediately upon delivery. The exemption excludes camper trailers, which are included in the definition of "trailer," because a similar exemption already exists for camper trailers, other than those that are being leased for a period of less than one year. 36 MRSA §1752.19-A <u>definition of "trailer:</u> 19-A. Trailer. "Trailer" means a vehicle without motive power and mounted on wheels that is designed to carry persons or property and to be drawn by a motor vehicle and not operated on tracks. "Trailer" includes a camper trailer as defined in section 1481, subsection 1-A.	OTPA	Preliminary MR: Admin. cost:NEGLIO Revenue loss: Not provided Similar bill (LF 1608 of committee and die Appropriations Table 129th Legislature. Fiscal note on LD 16 substance) in the 12 FY 20 (\$117,049) FY 21 (\$175,750)	3) was reported out ed on the e at the end of the 608 (same 19th Legislature:
570	550	3/16	3/23	Веггу	An Act To Provide for Fairness in the Taxation of Extraordinary and Unearned Income by Establishing a 3 Percent Surcharge on Net Capital Gains and Dividends Income over \$250,000 for Taxpayers Filing Single or Married Separate Returns and over \$500,000 for Taxpayers Filing Joint Returns	the taxpayer's <u>taxable income from net capital gains and dividends</u> and the amount by which the <u>taxpayer's taxable</u>	tabled	Admin costs: \$1 Revenue impact:	ary estimates 11,000 at time of PH
576	1224	4/7	4/20	Jackson	An Act To Increase Property Tax Relief for Veterans	 This bill increases to \$10,000, beginning on or after April 1, 2022, the property tax exemption for all categories of eligible veterans other than paraplegic veterans receiving a \$50,000 exemption for specially adapted housing units. It also expands the dates of federally recognized war periods to include February 1, 1955 to February 27, 1961. State reimbursement to municipalities is provided for 100% of the property tax revenue loss to municipalities as a result of the increase and expansion of exemptions. 	OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						MRS has technical concerns.			
611	526	3/24	3/29	Rudnicki	An Act To Exempt Long-term Lodging from the 9 Percent Sales Tax on Lodging	This bill provides that the <u>sales tax exemption</u> for rental of certain living quarters applies to <u>individuals residing continuously in a tent or trailer space for 90 days or more in order to work during the summer season. Sponsor has proposed amendment to remove requirement that the person renting the tent or trailer space be doing so "in order to work during the summer season." Bill has effective date of 1/1/21. MRSA questions whether retroactive application is intended and has <u>other technical concerns</u>.</u>	ONTP/ OTPA		
647	517	4/7	4/20		An Act To Expand Eligibility for the Veterans' Property Tax Exemption	This bill allows persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States during the period from February 1, 1955 to February 27, 1961 to qualify for the veterans' property tax exemption based on dates of service.	OTPA		
659	1016	4/14	4/21		An Act To Ease the Property Tax Burden by Authorizing Municipalities To Require Payments in Lieu of Taxes from Certain Exempt Organizations	This bill permits municipalities to adopt an ordinance to impose an impact fee on property that is exempt from property tax under 36 MRSA §652 unless the owner of the property has agreed to make payments in lieu of taxes. Purpose of fee is to recover cost of municipal services provided to the property. An impact fee may NOT be: 1. Less than 50% of amount of tax that would be assessed on the property 2. imposed if the owner of the property has an annual budget of less than \$50,000. Municipality must attempt to negotiate a PILOT before assessing an impact fee. Property exempt under 36 MRSA §652 1. Benevolent and charitable institutions 2. Literary and scientific institutions 3. Certain veterans' organization (e.g. VFW, American Legion) 4. Chambers of Commerce or Boards of Trade	ONTP	MRS prelimina Admin costs: can be	ry fiscal impact e absorbed

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						5. Houses of religious worship/parsonages6. Hospitals, HMOs blood banks			
						Potential ambiguity in language.			
						Potential Constitutional issues			
708	221				An Act To Increase the Homestead Exemption to \$50,000	This bill increases the property tax exemption for homesteads from \$25,000 to \$50,000 for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2021.			
724	700	4/2	4/8	Ordway	An Act To Base the Vehicle and Mobile Home Excise Tax on Actual Value	This bill changes the method of computing the vehicle excise tax levied on motor vehicles registered in the State except for certain large commercial vehicles.	ONTP		
						Current law: Except for certain large commercial vehicles, the vehicle excise tax is based upon the maker's list price. The excise tax on certain commercial motor vehicles and buses and special mobile equipment is based on the purchase price.			
						This bill . Requires that: 1. The excise tax for all motor vehicles currently taxed on "maker's list price" and "commercial motor vehicles" currently taxed on "purchase price" 2. Would instead be based upon the actual value of the vehicle 3. At the time of delivery to the owner, 4. "Actual value" is not defined and would be determined by sources approved by the State Tax Assessor.			
						STATE REIMBURSEMENT TO MUNICIPALITIES: CURRENT LAW Requires the State to reimburse a municipality for the difference in the amount of excise tax that would have been collected by the municipality on each commercial motor vehicle or bus using the manufacturer's suggested retail price instead of the actual purchase price.			
						Bill requires reimbursement for all motor vehicles.			

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						BMV and MRS have drafting and technical concerns.			
731	342	3/24	4/1		An Act To Establish a Program To Assist Regional Firefighter Training Programs, To Provide Tax Credits to Businesses That Employ Volunteer Firefighters and Emergency Medical Services Persons and To Provide Benefits to Volunteer Firefighters and Emergency Medical Services Persons	 This bill: Establishes a program administered by the Maine Fire Protection Services Commission to provide grants to municipalities for regional fire service training. Appropriates \$1,000,000 per year. Provides an income tax credit for employers who permit employees who are volunteer firefighters or volunteer municipal EMS persons to be absent from work for firefighting or EMS response activities without a reduction in pay and Allows a municipality to provide benefits to residents of the municipality who are volunteer firefighters or volunteer municipal EMS persons. Sponsor proposed amendment: Reduce appropriation to \$200,000 Delete Sec. 6, (municipal volunteer benefit) 	OTPA		
740	459	4/7	4/22		Generated from the Taxes Imposed on the Sale of Recreational Marijuana in Those Municipalities	Establishes fund to share sales tax and excise tax on adult use marijuana with municipalities Transfers 25% of ST revenue and excise tax revenue (less administrative costs) on adult use marijuana to fund. Distributes fund to municipalities in proportion to the ratio of the marijuana revenue generated in the municipality to the total revenue generated by adult use marijuana establishments statewide.	ONTP		
798	334			Pouliot		This bill replaces current IT credit for educational opportunity for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. The bill creates a new simplified tax credit for student loan repayment applicable to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. It provides that taxpayers who were eligible for a refundable credit under the credit for educational opportunity may continue to receive a refundable credit for tax years beginning before January 1, 2024.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						ELEMENTS OF NEW CREDIT:			
						1. A <u>qualified individual</u> must be a full-year Maine			
						resident who has obtained an associate,			
						bachelor's or graduate degree from an accredited			
						Maine or non-Maine community college, college or			
						university and who works at least part time in			
						Maine or on a vessel at sea or is deployed for			
						military service in the United States Armed Forces			
						during the taxable year.			
						2. Loans obtained from related persons, such as			
						family members, and certain businesses, trusts			
						•			
						and exempt organizations, <u>do not qualify</u> for the credit.			
						3. The credit in not refundable			
						4. The <u>credit allowed for qualified individuals</u> is the			
						lesser of the amount paid on eligible education			
						loans during the taxable year and 15% of the			
						outstanding eligible education loan debt on the			
						date the first education loan payment is made after			
						a degree is earned.			
						5. The credit allowed for employers is the lesser of the			
						amount paid by an employer on behalf of a			
						qualified employee during the taxable year during			
						the term of employment and 20% of the			
						outstanding eligible education loan debt on the			
						date the first education loan payment is made after			
						<u>December 31, 2021.</u>			
						6. The <u>credit is available to the spouse</u> of an individual			
						eligible for a credit even if the spouse is not			
						employed.			
						7. Income tax <u>deductions are provided for student</u>			
						loan payments made directly to a lender by an			
						employer on behalf of a qualified employee and			
						payments made directly to a lender on behalf of a			
						taxpayer by a student loan repayment program			
						funded by a nonprofit foundation and administered			
						by the Finance Authority of Maine for residents of the State employed by a business located in the			
						State.			
						8. The annual credit may include loan amounts paid in			
						excess of the amount due during a taxable year.			
						Credits in excess of those that may be used during			
						a taxable year <u>may be carried over for the next</u>			
						succeeding 5 years.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						The bill also provides an appropriation of \$75,000 annually to FAME to market the tax credit.			
830	677	4/7	4/22		An Act To Restructure the Taxation of Adult Use Marijuana	 Repeals the excise tax on adult use marijuana on January 1, 2022 and Raises an estimated equivalent amount of revenue by increasing the sales tax on adult use marijuana and adult use marijuana products to 20% on January 1, 2022. CURRENT LAW: Sales tax on MJ: 10% on Adult use marijuana and adult use marijuana products 5.5% sales of medical marijuana 12% of ST revenue on adult use MJ goes to Adult Use Public Health and Safety Fund Excise tax on adult use marijuana cultivation facilities based on volume (varies by product) 12% of ExT revenue goes to Adult Use Public Health and Safety Fund 	OTPA/ ONTP		
846	1622				An Act To Promote Benefit Corporations	CONCEPT DRAFT: This bill proposes to increase public awareness of benefit corporations and their purpose and advantages. It also proposes to provide a tax incentive to offset the cost of establishing and maintaining a benefit corporation. Under 13-C MRSA 1811.1 "A benefit corporation must have a purpose of creating general public benefit." SPONSOR PROPOSED AMENDMENT: Changes bill to Resolve directing SoS and DECD to develop educational materials and services related to benefit corporations Sec. of State proposed changes.			
871	160				An Act To Clarify Certain Provisions Regarding the Marijuana Excise Tax	Bill submitted by DAFS: This bill makes the following changes to the marijuana excise tax provisions.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						1. It <u>adds definitions</u> of "wet marijuana flower" and "wet marijuana trim."			
						It removes the "per pound or fraction thereof" <u>calculation of excise taxes</u> for <u>mature marijuana</u> <u>plants</u> and, beginning July 1, 2021, provides an excise tax of \$35 per mature marijuana plant.			
						It <u>requires a cultivation facility</u> licensee to <u>calculate</u> the taxable weight by reducing the total weight of wet marijuana flower or wet marijuana trim			
897	1751	4/7	4/20	Warren	An Act To Protect Maine Veterans from Unfair Consequences of Taxation Policy	This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would protect Maine veterans from the unfair consequences of property taxation laws.	ОТРА		
						Sponsor provided amendment at public hearing: Allows municipalities participating in the municipal option Municipal Property Tax Deferral Program for Senior Citizens to charge a lower interest rate than the rate required by statute (0.5% higher than the rate for delinquent taxes)			
950	1747	4/2	4/6	Bennett	An Act To Improve Maine's Economic Development Incentives	This bill provides that the <u>FAME may not issue a certificate</u> of eligibility <u>for a refundable seed capital tax credit to a private venture capital fund until after certificates have been issued for nonrefundable credits and only if the annual limit on certificates will not be <u>exceeded</u>.</u>	ONTP		
						The bill also provides ongoing appropriations of \$500,000 annually to the Governor's Jobs Initiative Program to be used as matching funds for worker training or retraining in manufacturing industries.			
						CURRENT LAW: Investments made by private venture capital funds are refundable. Investments made by others are not refundable.			
						Sponsor suggested change: 1. 1/1 to 3/31 credits available to individual investors (not refundable)			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						4/1 forward credits to private venture capital companies (refundable)			
953	1463	4/14	4/21	ult		This bill permits TIF funds to be used by a municipality 1. to cover costs associated with the development of affordable housing in and outside development districts, 2. for the use in supporting housing services for persons who are homeless, for the purpose of providing an incentive for development within the municipality. The bill also corrects a conflict in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5225, subsection 1, paragraph C, which was amended by Public Law 2019, chapter 604 and chapter 625, by incorporating the changes made by both laws. Sponsor proposed amendment (as revised): Contains clarifications of use of TIF funds for affordable housing.	OTPA		
966	1153				and Competitive Tax Policy for Maine's Working Families and Small Businesses	This resolve establishes the Commission To Study Fair, Equitable and Competitive Tax Policy for Maine's Working Families and Small Businesses and develop recommendations to: 1. ensure tax policy is fair and equitable 2. whether tax policy improves the competitive position of the State 3. encourage investment in new and existing small businesses 4. help attract skill workers 5. level the playing field for small business 6. aid entrepreneurs 7. adequately fund important government services The bill directs the commission, no later than November 4, 2021, to submit a report, including suggested legislation, for presentation to the Second Regular Session of the 130th Legislature.			
970	1272	4/2	4/8		An Act To Base the Motor Vehicle Excise Tax on Actual Sale Price	This bill provides that, 1. for a motor vehicle purchased after December 31, 2022,	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						the motor vehicle excise tax must be <u>based on</u> the <u>purchase price</u> for the motor vehicle if <u>purchased from a new vehicle dealer or a used car dealer</u> .			
						"Purchase price" means amount paid or financed after trade-in, rebates, discounts or paybacks.			
						For other motor vehicles, the excise tax continues to be based on the maker's list price.			
						Bill does not provide for reimbursement to municipalities			
						BMV and MRS have drafting and technical concerns.			
973	928				An Act Regarding the Educational Opportunity Tax Credit	This bill allows a qualified individual receiving a EdOp IT credit to 1. claim payments made by April 1, 2021 on loan payments due in tax year 2020 and 2. To claim payments made until December 1, 2021 for loan payments due in tax year 2021. 3. For tax years beginning January 1, 2022, the bill allows prepayment prior to the due date on obligations for loans due that tax year and 4. For qualified individuals to be able to make catch-up payments in the first 2 years of their participation in the program.			
977	648				An Act Regarding the Maine Educational Opportunity Tax Credit	Current law allows a <u>person who obtained</u> an associate or bachelor's <u>degree</u> from an accredited Maine or non-Maine community college, college or university after <u>December 31, 2015</u> and a <u>person who obtained a graduate degree from an accredited Maine college or university</u> after December 31, 2015 to be eligible for the <u>educational opportunity tax credit</u> . This bill, for tax years beginning on or after Janaury 1,			
						2022, <u>expands eligibility</u> for the tax credit to a person who obtained the same type of <u>degrees after 12/31/11</u>			
978	649	4/2	4/6		An Act To Create an Access to Justice Income Tax Credit	This bill provides an income tax credit for 5 years for: 1. Attorneys who practice law in the State and 2. Agree to practice for at least 5 years in an underserved area of the State as determined by	tabled	Admin: Nominal/ a	nary estimate bsorbed ot provided
					Judice Hoomo Tuk Oroak	2. Agree to practice for at least 5 years in an		Admin: Nomin Revenue:	

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						3. On roster to accept court appointments in underserved areas 4. Agree to perform pro bono services in underserved areas 5. Is certified annually by Supreme Judicial Court as eligible Eligibility for the credit is open from 2022 through 2027. The court may certify up to 5 eligible attorneys each year. Supreme Judicial Court reports to TAX and TAX is directed to review the effectiveness of the credit and may submit legislation to extend or revise it. MRS has concerns 4-6 Tabled for more work b sponsor		(ir	significant?)
1046	1706	4/2	4/6		An Act To Create an Income Tax Return Checkoff for Hunger Prevention	This bill requires the inclusion of an income tax check- off provision on Maine income tax forms for taxpayers who wish to contribute to support the emergency food assistance program administered by the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry. It also establishes the Emergency Food Assistance Program Fund, to which revenue collected from the income tax checkoff is credited. LD 691 in ACF Committee establishes a "Fund to Address Food Insecurity" to support individuals in need and Maine food producers. Appropriates \$50,000. (WS scheduled 4/8) DACF administers federal "Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) CURRENT LAW: Provides checkoff may not be listed on form for more than one year unless it raised at least \$25,000 in previous calendar year. MRS has technical concerns	OTPA		
1062	486	4/2	4/8		An Act To Phase Out the Insurance Premium Tax on Annuities	This bill phases out the insurance premium tax on annuity considerations over 10 years beginning in 2022	OTPA/ ONTP	MRS prelimina	ry fiscal impact

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						and provides that during the phase-out period the retaliatory tax on non-Maine insurance companies does not apply. The bill also specifies that deductions related to annuities may be deducted from annuity considerations for tax periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022.		Revenue impact: N	PH 25, died on AT in 0) 0) 0)
1067	679	2/13		Baldacci	An Act To Institute a State Tax Amnesty Program To Increase General Revenue Collections	This bill, for the purposes of encouraging delinquent taxpayers to comply with the law, collecting unreported taxes and accelerating the collection of certain delinquent state tax liabilities, enacts the 2021 Maine Tax Amnesty Program. Under the program, a person with a tax delinquency as of September 30, 2021 may pay the taxes owed, plus half the accrued interest, without incurring a penalty or any other criminal or civil liability. The period during which a delinquency may be paid under the 2021 Maine Tax Amnesty Program is from October 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021. The program is not available for debts for which the State has secured a warrant or civil judgment in the State's favor. From the effective date of this legislation until September 30, 2021, the State Tax Assessor is encouraged to offer a delinquent taxpayer the same benefits of the 2021 Maine Tax Amnesty Program in order to avoid having a taxpayer wait until October 1, 2021 or later to pay the delinquent taxes. MRS: "not warranted at this time.			
1071	332			Pouliot	Maine Residents	This bill increases the total exemption under the Maine resident homestead property tax exemption program to \$50,000 for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. This bill also increases state reimbursement to municipalities for homestead property tax exemptions from 70% to 100% for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2021.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISC	AL IMPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1118	910			Lawrence	An Act To Promote Reliable Rural High-speed Internet	This bill provides an income tax credit for: 1. high-speed Internet service providers 2. who engage in a project approved by the Commissioner of ECD 3. that provides high-speed Internet service 4. where the average number of potential customers per mile does not exceed 20 and 5. the cost to the customers does not exceed the CPI cost for high-speed Internet service in a metropolitan area. Applies to TYs beginning on or after 1/1/22.			
1129	228	4/14		Matlack	An Act Relating to the Valuation of Retail Sales Facilities	This bill provides that, in establishing the just value of retail sales facilities. 1. Consideration must be given to 3 recognized approaches to valuation of commercial property A. cost less depreciation B. income C. comparable sales and 2. The assessor must consider the value of reasonably similar properties with regard to age, condition, use, type of construction, location, design, physical features and economic characteristics.			
1132	1418	4/14	4/21	Morales	An Act To Encourage the Renovation of Available Housing Stock	This bill establishes an expedited process for a municipality to acquire clear title to abandoned property subject to a tax lien. The bill also directs the Maine State Housing Authority to develop a program to purchase tax-acquired properties that have been renovated and to make them available for rent or for sale to first-time home buyers. Sponsor provided proposed amendment at PH: 1. Substitutes a different process for identification of abandoned property (Municipal code enforcement officer certifies) 2. Substitutes a different process for MeSHA involvement in property becoming available for affordable housing.	OTPA	MRS prelin	ninary fiscal impact can be absorbed

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1136	1500			Harnett		This bill changes the individual income tax brackets to provide 4 brackets rather than 3. The bill adds a new bracket of 10.15% on taxable income exceeding \$100,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$150,000 for heads of households and \$200,000 for individuals filing married joint returns and surviving spouses.			
1140	274			1	An Act To Establish a Sales Tax Exemption for the Purchase of	This bill establishes a sales tax exemption for a safe, lockbox, trigger lock or barrel lock that is specifically designed for securing firearms.			
1145	1313				Tax on Maine Public Employees Retirement System Pensions	This bill provides an income tax deduction for retirement benefits under state, local or federal government retirement plans that are based on employment compensation for which contributions are not made to the federal Social Security system. result in reductions in the amount of Social Security benefits that a retiree is eligible to receive under the federal windfall elimination provision. This bill provides			
1156	1378	4/13			An Act To Reduce Errors in Employment Tax Increment Financing Benefits	an income tax exemption for those retirement benefits. This bill makes changes to the ETIF program for calendar years beginning with 2022 by basing benefits on the gross wages of qualified employees rather than on income tax withholding for those employees. The bill directs the DECD and the State Tax Assessor to take actions, including the adoption of routine technical rules, to implement the change. DECD recommends holding any changes until next year. Evaluation of Pine Tree Zone Program and ETIF currently under way.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1162	310			Cebra	the Sales and Use Tax on Motor	This bill provides that 20% of the sales or use tax on motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts must be transferred to the Highway Fund beginning in 2022.			
1166	1844	4/7	4/20		Exemption for Veterans by 50 Percent	This bill increases by 50%, for tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2022, the property tax exemption for all categories of eligible veterans other than paraplegic veterans receiving a \$50,000 exemption for specially adapted housing units. CURRENT LAW: WWI vets and survivors \$7,000 Other vets and survivors \$6,000 Bill increases to: WWI vets and survivors \$10,050 Other vets and survivors \$9,000 Sponsor testimony indicates she also supports other expansions (age, %, merchant mariners, any military) MRS has technical concerns.	ONTP		
1174	698	4/14	4/21	·	Send Separate Tax Bills for Municipal,	This bill permits municipalities to issue separate property tax bills for the portion of their tax commitments attributable to: 1. education funding and 2. the portion attributable to county taxes and all other municipal costs. CURRENT LAW: Permits municipal tax bills to identify 1. % distributed to	ONTP	Fisca	I note ause local option.
1181	1541	4/7	4/20		An Act To Reduce Property Taxes on the Primary Residence of Veterans Who Are 100 Percent Disabled Due to Service-connected Disabilities	CONCEPT DRAFT:	ONTP		

LD	LD LR PH WS		SPONSOR		SUMMARY	COMM			
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						This bill proposes to reduce property taxes on the primary residence of veterans who are 100% disabled due to service-connected disabilities.			
1184	1067			Wadsworth	An Act To Exempt from Taxation Certain Out-of-state Pensions	This bill exempts from Maine income tax certain income from out-of-state pensions in order to avoid double taxation of that income.			
						The exemption is only for the amount of the contribution made by the taxpayer divided by the life expectancy of the taxpayer and applies only if the income is included in federal adjusted gross income and not deducted under the general pension deduction.			
						In order to qualify for the exemption, the contribution must have been made using income on which income tax was paid and is available only if the state in which the taxpayer resided at the time of the contribution provides a similar exemption to a former resident of Maine.			
1185	675	4/7	4/22	Perry	An Act To Distribute Tax Revenue To Offset Costs Incurred by Adult Use Marijuana Host Municipalities	Establishes fund to share sales tax and excise tax on adult use marijuana with municipalities	ONTP		
					,	Transfers 12% of ST revenue and excise tax revenue (less administrative costs) on adult use marijuana to fund.			
						3. Distributes fund to municipalities in <u>proportion to</u> the ratio of the marijuana revenue generated in the municipality to the total revenue generated by adult use marijuana establishments statewide.			
1193	1117	4/13			An Act To Exempt Certain Disabled Veterans from the Motor Vehicle Excise Tax	This bill provides a MVET exemption for veterans who are permanently disabled and are receiving benefits based on 100% service-connected disability.			MRS fiscal info an be absorbed
						MRS recommends using language in property tax exemption for disabled veterans"			
						Veterans: "(2) Who are disabled by injury or disease incurred or aggravated during active military service in the line of duty and are receiving any form of pension			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						or compensation from the United States Government for total, service-connected disability."			
1195	800	4/7	4/22		Adult Use Marijuana Sales and Excise Tax Revenue	Establishes fund to share sales tax and excise tax on adult use marijuana with municipalities Transfers 5% of ST revenue and excise tax revenue (less administrative costs) on adult use marijuana to fund. Distributes fund to municipalities in proportion to the ratio of the marijuana revenue generated in the municipality to the total revenue generated by adult use marijuana establishments statewide.	OTPA fno/ ONTP		
1203	885	4/13			the Excise Tax on Noncommercial Watercraft Temporarily in the State	CURRENT LAW: Exempts from watercraft excise tax: 1. commercial watercraft without an established base of operations in the State and 2. all other watercraft that are not present in the state for more than 75 days during the year. This bill reduces from 75 days to 28 days the length of time noncommercial vessels may be in Maine without being subject to the watercraft excise tax.			
1209	2011				Fiscal Year 2021-22	This bill establishes municipal cost components for state and county services provided to the unorganized territory that would normally be paid for by a municipality. The municipal cost components constitute the property tax for the unorganized territory.			
1216	494	4/13		Terry		ANNUAL BILL SUBMITTED BY DAFS/MRS: Part A makes changes to the insurance premiums and income tax law. Part A: 1. Changes the due dates for community colleges, colleges and universities, Department of Education and Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of Revenue Services, Office of Tax Policy reports on the implementation of the educational opportunity tax credit from February 1, 2021, for the			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM			
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23	
						colleges, and March 1, 2021, for the Department of				
						Education and Office of Tax Policy, to February 1, 2022;				
						2. Repeals the requirement that remaining funds in the				
						Medical Use of Marijuana Fund be used to fund the cost				
						of the INCOME tax deductions provided pursuant to the				
						Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 5122,				
						subsection 2, paragraph PP and Title 36, section 5200-A, subsection 2, paragraph BB and the cost of the				
						position in the Department of Administrative and				
						Financial Services, Bureau of Revenue Services to				
						administer the tax deductions;				
						Expands the so-called Maine insurance premiums				
						retaliatory tax to include insurance companies				
						incorporated in the District of Columbia or a possession				
						of the United States;				
						4. Clarifies that the Maine reporting and tax payment				
						requirements related to federal partnership adjustments				
						under the new federal centralized partnership audit				
						rules includes negative federal adjustments arising from				
						Internal Revenue Service partnership audits and administrative adjustment requests filed with the				
						Internal Revenue Service, and amends the				
						requirements to allow a refund directly to the				
						partnership in lieu of a refund to the affected partners to				
						the extent that negative adjustments exceed positive				
						adjustments;				
						5. Clarifies that the Maine reporting and tax payment				
						requirements related to federal partnership adjustments				
						under the new federal partnership audit rules also apply				
						to a partnership that has filed an administrative				
						adjustment request with the federal Internal Revenue				
						Service;				
						6. Establishes a penalty for persons who fail to provide				
						returns of information to the State Tax Assessor or who				
						willfully furnish to the assessor a false or fraudulent return of information. Generally, returns of information				
						consist of Forms W-2, Forms 1099 and other similar				
						forms containing tax information necessary for filing				
						Maine tax returns. Similar to the penalty imposed for				
						failure to provide information statements, or for willfully				

LD	LD LR PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ			
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						providing a false or fraudulent statement to payees, the			
						penalty is \$50 for each failure to provide a return of information to the State Tax Assessor. The penalty			
						applies to returns of information required to be filed on			
						or after January 31, 2022;			
						7. Makes the following changes to the renewable			
						chemicals tax credits:			
						A. Adds taxpayer information reporting and 3rd-party testing and verification credit requirements, to be			
						specified by rules of the State Tax Assessor;			
						B. Clarifies that the renewable chemicals may not be			
						sold as food, feed or fuel and that they must be			
						produced in Maine; and			
						C. Modifies the February 1, 2024 report on the renewable chemicals tax credit issued by the			
						Department of Economic and Community Development			
						to remove required reporting on the number of indirect			
						jobs created and to include reporting on the newly			
						reinstated credit for biofuel commercial production and commercial use under Title 36, section 5219-X.			
						Commercial use under Title 30, section 3219-A.			
						Part B makes changes to the sales tax law, applicable			
						to sales occurring on or after January 1, 2022. Part B:			
						1. Clarifies that the Title 36, Part 3 definition of "in this			
						State" includes sales of tangible personal property and taxable services sourced in this State pursuant to Title			
						36, section 1819;			
						Repeals the presumptive sales and use tax			
						registrations requirements for affiliate-based and certain agent-based connections with the State;			
						agent-based connections with the State,			
						3. Corrects a conflict created when 2 different public			
						laws enacted the same section of law and:			
						A. Clarifies that the remote seller and marketplace			
						registration requirements apply based on sales in this State and not the location from which they are			
						delivered:			
						B. Repeals the remote seller and marketplace			
						facilitator sales and use tax registration requirement			
						for persons or marketplace facilitators, respectively,			
						with at least 200 separate sales transactions in the State; and			
		<u> </u>				Otate, and			

LD	D LR PH WS	SPONSOR	SPONSOR TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹		
					(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
					C. Clarifies the agent, representative, salesperson, solicitor or distributor registration requirements by removing the redundant term "storage"; and			
					4. Expands the sales and use tax sourcing provision to apply to all sales and not just retail sales.			
					Part C makes changes to the property tax law. Part C:			
					1. Lowers the declared ratio accuracy threshold from within 20% to within 10% of the state valuation ratio last determined to align with the accuracy requirement provided for state reimbursement for the homestead exemption; and			
					Updates and aligns the audit authority for exemptions that are reimbursed by the State to municipalities, allowing for the audit of all reimbursable exemptions.			
					Part D makes the following updates to respond to certain COVID-19 impacts and is effective when approved. Part D:			
					1. Aligns the Title 36 definitions of "disaster period" with the Title 10, section 9902 definition;			
					2. Relaxes the "work in Maine" requirement of the educational opportunity tax credit by deeming a qualified individual who worked in this State immediately prior to, or at any point during, the state of emergency declared by the Governor due to the COVID-19 pandemic to have worked in this State for the entire state of emergency;			
					3. Relaxes the primary use requirement of the sales tax exemption for machinery and equipment by determining the equipment's primary use based only on the days in use; and			
					4. Allows taxpayers to use the sourcing law of another jurisdiction when calculating the credit for income tax paid to other jurisdictions in certain COVID-19 pandemic-related teleworking circumstances.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	//PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
			İ			Part E clarifies and simplifies the corporate income tax			
						law by establishing clearly defined, objective nexus			
						thresholds as a practical structure for the current			
						general "economic nexus" standard. These so-called			
						factor presence thresholds clarify the minimum			
						thresholds that, when exceeded by a corporation,			
						subject that corporation to the Maine corporate income			
						tax. In addition, the new thresholds create a safe			
						harbor for corporations with little activity within the State			
						that nonetheless have nexus under current law due to a			
						small, but greater than de minimis, physical presence in			
						the State. The new thresholds are \$250,000 of			
						property, \$250,000 in payroll or \$500,000 in sales in			
						Maine, or 25% of total property, payroll or sales in			
						Maine, as determined under Title 36, chapter 821. The			
						thresholds apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.			
						January 1, 2022.			
						Part F updates, clarifies and simplifies the service			
						provider tax law regarding consumer purchases of			
						digital media by equalizing the tax treatment between			
						the various modes of purchase for sales occurring on or			
						after October 1, 2021.			
						MRS has proposed amendment.			
222	246			Black	An Act To Reduce Property Taxes of	This bill provides a property tax exemption for			
					Seniors in an Amount Equal to the	individuals 65 years of age or older equal in value to the			
					Cost of Education	amount of those taxes the municipality in which the real			
						estate is located would otherwise use to fund its public			
						schools. The bill applies to property tax years			
						beginning on or after April 1, 2021.			
227	1268					This bill establishes an income tax deduction for			
					Income Tax Deduction for Certain	taxpayers who receive civil service retirement plan			
						benefits that do not participate in the federal Social			
					Pensions	Security program in recognition of the fact that the			
						current law provides an income tax deduction for all			
						Social Security benefits in addition to a \$10,000 pension			
						exemption for retirement plan benefits.			
						The bill above in another wealth in the tweeters of \$10.00			
						The bill phases in greater parity in the treatment of the 2			
						types of pension systems by increasing the civil service			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						pension deduction amount by \$5,000 per year until 2025 when it reaches the maximum annual benefit that an individual retiring at retirement age would receive under the federal Social Security Act.			
1243	818			Sampson	of-state Pensions	This bill exempts from Maine income tax the portion of retirement benefits attributable to a taxpayer's contribution to an employee retirement plan or an individual retirement account the taxpayer contributed to while the resident of another jurisdiction if those benefits are included in federal adjusted gross income.			
1247	755	4/14	4/21	Dill	·	This bill requires a municipality or state department or agency to temporarily halt a property revaluation required by state law during a state of emergency and to resume the revaluation upon the termination of the emergency. MRS raises administrative issues, interpretation issues, and potential constitutional issues	ONTP		
1251	1373	4/15		Arata	An Act To Encourage Charitable Giving	This bill allows individuals, beginning with 2021 tax years, to claim itemized charitable income tax deductions that exceed the State's limit on itemized deductions. CURRENT LAW: Limit on itemized deductions (excluding medical and dental expenses) is \$28,350.			
1257	752	4/15		Lookner	An Act To Encourage Inclusionary Zoning in Municipalities by Increasing Revenue Sharing	This bill creates an additional level of state-municipal revenue sharing to provide additional resources to municipalities with inclusionary zoning to increase the availability of affordable housing. The bill requires the transfer from the General Fund to the Inclusionary Zoning Fund of 0.25% of the revenue sharing base (IT, ST, portion of SPT). Amounts received by the Inclusionary Zoning Fund are distributed to municipalities with "inclusionary zoning" in proportion to relative population of the municipalities.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1261	1614	4/15		·	An Act To Improve Camping Opportunities in Maine by Exempting Certain Campground Rental Fees from the Sales and Use Tax	This bill repeals the definitions of "tourist camp" and "trailer camp" and replaces those terms with the term "campground" in the sales and use tax law.			
						This bill <u>exempts from sales</u> and use tax rental fees charged <u>to a person who resides for 28 days or longer</u> <u>at one campground</u> .			
						This bill <u>also exempts</u> from the sales and use tax the rental of a site at a campground regardless of the number of days of residence as long as nothing else of value is provided by the owner of that campground to the renter.			
1277	265			Fecteau	An Act To Remove Sales and Use Taxation on Monetary Metals	This bill exempts from state sales and use taxes the sale of specie, defined as coins with gold or silver content or refined gold or silver bullion coined, stamped or imprinted with its weight and purity and the value of which is based primarily on its metal content and not its form.			
1283	1391				An Act To Amend the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law To Encourage Public Access	This bill excludes from benefits under the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law a parcel of land to which public access for recreational use is limited or prohibited.			
1289	640			Perry	An Act To Cut Property Taxes for Maine Residential Homeowners	This bill creates a new income tax rate of 7.95% for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022 for income exceeding \$300,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$450,000 for individuals filing as heads of household and \$600,000 for individuals filing married joint returns or as surviving spouses. The bill also increases the homestead property tax exemption from \$25,000 in 2021 to \$35,000 in 2022, \$45,000 in 2023 and \$55,000 in 2024.			
1334	1105				An Act To Promote Economic Development through Increased Film Incentives	This bill makes multiple changes to the tax credits available to visual media production companies operating in the State. The bill makes the available tax credits refundable, increases the credits for certain expenses incurred in Maine and for hiring residents of Maine and offers additional credits for visual media productions that are located in certain Maine counties, are set in Maine or have a lead cast member, writer or director who is a Maine resident. The bill also reduces the total expenditures needed to qualify for the credits, extends the time period for visual media production			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						companies to certify with the Department of Economic and Community Development and sets a \$500,000 limit on the total value of the tax credits that increases to \$1,000,000 after January 1, 2026. The bill makes other changes necessary for these provisions.			
1335	629				the Sales Tax for Basic Needs Products and Offset the Loss of Revenue	This bill amends the definition of "grocery staples" exempt from the sales tax to include toilet paper, diapers or menstrual products, effective August 1, 2022. The bill requires Maine Revenue Services to study 1. amount of any sales tax revenue lost by classifying toilet paper, menstrual products and diapers as grocery staples, as exempt from sales tax. 2. available options to offset any lost sales tax revenue, including taxation of imported luxury foods. Maine Revenue Services is directed to submit a report to the TAX Committee by December 1, 2021, and the committee is authorized to submit a bill based on the report to the Second Regular Session of the 130th Legislature.			
1337	103	4/14		Kessler	through an Impact Fee on Vacant Residences	This bill creates a residential vacancy impact fee for certain vacant residential property. Property is "vacant" if it has not been occupied by a permanent resident at least 180 days during the previous calendar year. Vacancy fee is 0.5% of the equalized value of the residential property (excluding land value)each year The revenue from the impact fee after reduction for administrative costs, is distributed: 1. 50% to the HOME fund to be used to fund affordable housing activities and 2. 50% to the Local Government Fund to be used to reimburse municipalities for the Maine residents homestead property tax exemption (usual revenue sharing distribution formula not directly tied to homestead exemption).			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						MRS is required to submit a report to the TAX Committee by 12/1 after the first full year after imposition of a vacancy impact fee identifying			
						experience with the impact fee			
						STA, MeSHA and State Treasurer required to submit data reports to OPEGA.			
						The bill also requires the impact fee to be evaluated by the Office of Program Evaluation and Government Accountability in the same manner as are tax expenditures and identifies policy objective and performance measures.			
						OPEGA notes that the impact fee is not a tax expenditure and different procedure should be followed.			
						MRS raises concerns about administrative responsibilities, drafting concerns, state mandate requirements and constitutional concerns.			
1342	559				An Act To Authorize a Local Option Sales Tax on Lodging and Other Goods and Provide Funding for Tax Abatement and Rental Relief	This bill allows a municipality to impose a local option sales tax of 1% on lodging that is currently subject to the sales and use tax if approved by referendum of the voters in that municipality. Ninety percent of the revenue from the local option sales tax is distributed to the municipality imposing the local option sales tax. The other 10% is distributed to the Maine State Housing Authority, which is required to establish a program of property tax relief and rent relief for municipalities using the revenue. Revenue received by a municipality may not be used to reduce or eliminate funding otherwise due the municipality under other provisions of law. The local option sales tax may not take effect before July 1, 2022.			
1355	1998				An Act To Amend the Motor Vehicle Excise Tax Exemption for Veterans Who Are Disabled	This bill provides a motor vehicle excise tax exemption for veterans who are receiving benefits based on 100% permanent service-connected disability.			
1362	208			Davis	An Act To Excuse Certain Marketplace Sellers and Facilitators for Failing To Collect and Remit Sales and Use Taxes on Ammunition Sales	This bill provides that a marketplace facilitator or marketplace seller that sold ammunition to residents of the State between July 1, 2018 and September 1, 2021 may not be assessed a penalty for or charged interest on the untimely remittance of the sales taxes imposed			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						on those sales if it remits the taxes owed the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services no later than October 31, 2021.			
1369	1477			Andrews	An Act To Provide Stimulus for Economic Recovery by Enacting a 5 Percent Flat Income Tax	This bill, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, replaces the current income tax structure for individual income taxes with a flat 5% tax imposed on all individual Maine residents.			
1371	1441			Cebra	An Act To Exempt Gold and Silver Transactions from State Sales and Use Tax	This bill exempts from state sales and use taxes the sale of gold and silver, including coins with gold or silver content and refined gold or silver bullion coined, stamped or imprinted with its weight and purity and the value of which is based primarily on its metal content and not its form.			
1381	1145			Morris	An Act To Establish a Sales Tax Holiday To Help Maine Businesses Affected by the COVID-19 Pandemic	This bill establishes the weekend of Indigenous Peoples Day as an annual sales-tax-free weekend for sales of			
1382	1686			Collings	An Act To Invest in Maine's Roads and Bridges	This bill increases fuel taxes by: 4¢/gallon beginning October 1, 2021, an additional 3¢/gallon beginning October 1, 2022, an additional 3¢/gallon beginning October 1, 2023 and an additional 2¢/gallon beginning October 1, 2024. The bill also establishes a refundable income tax credit			
						for individuals with FAGI that is lower than the federal poverty level.			
1395	1288			Connor	An Act To Suspend Meals and Lodging Taxes until 12 Months after the COVID-19 Civil Emergency	This bill provides an exemption from the sales tax imposed on the sale of prepared food and the rental of living quarters during the state of emergency declared by the Governor due to the COVID-19 pandemic and for one year after that state of emergency is terminated.			
1406	847			Stewart	An Act To Encourage Relocation to Rural Maine	This bill creates a refundable tax credit of up to \$3,000 per year up to a total of 5 years for a person who moves from outside a rural area to a residence within a rural area, defined as Aroostook County, Somerset County, Piscataquis County and Washington County. The person may receive a tax credit of up to \$1,000 per year as reimbursement for Internet connectivity costs and, if the person owns the residence in the rural area, a tax credit of up to \$2,000 per year as reimbursement for the person's property tax bill.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1410	1570				An Act To Incentivize the Development of the Labor Force in the Green Jobs Sector through Assistance in Repaying Student Loan Debt	 This bill creates a Maine income tax credit for: Maine residents who work in certain green jobs or in the fields of science, technology, engineering or mathematics in this State and who make student loan payments related to their attendance at an accredited community college, college or university. The income tax credit is equal to the lesser of 			
						a benchmark loan payment amount calculated by the State Tax Assessor and the taxpayer's monthly loan payment amount,			
						multiplied by the number of months that the taxpayer made loan payments within the taxable year.			
						The income tax credit is <u>refundable</u> to the extent that the taxpayer's <u>loans were part of financial aid package to</u> obtain or attempt to obtain an associate, bachelor's or			
						graduate degree from an accredited community college, college or university.			
1413	1471				An Act To Provide Equity in the State Income Tax Deduction for Certain Public Employees Retirement System Pensions	This bill establishes an income tax exemption for civil service retirement plan benefits for recipients who do not participate in the federal social security program in recognition of the fact that the current law provides an			
						income exemption for all social security benefits in addition to a \$10,000 pension exemption for retirement plan benefits. The bill phases in greater parity in treatment of the 2 types of pension systems by			
						increasing the civil service pension deduction amount by \$5,000 per year until 2025 when it reaches the maximum annual benefit that an individual retiring at retirement age would receive under the federal Social Security Act.			
1418	1464				An Act To Allow a Local Option Sales Tax on Meals and Lodging	This bill allows a municipality to impose a local option sales tax of no more than 1%, which may be seasonal, on prepared food, not including marijuana or marijuana products, and short-term lodging if approved by referendum of the voters in that municipality.			
						Revenue from the local option sales tax is distributed at the rate of 85% to the municipality and 15% to all other municipalities. Revenue received by a municipality may			

LD	LD LR PH		H WS	SPONSOR	R TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM			
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23	
						not be used to reduce or eliminate funding otherwise due the municipality under other provisions of law.				
1423	1104				and Cessation Programs and by Raising the Tax on Tobacco Products and To Provide Funding To Reduce Disparities in Health Outcomes Based on Certain Factors	This bill ensures future funding for the Tobacco Prevention and Control Program administered by the Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health by requiring funding for the program to be a minimum of the actual revenue collected on the sales of all tobacco products plus available funds in the Fund for a Healthy Maine or the amount of funding for state tobacco control programs as determined by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and recommended for Maine, whichever is less. This bill increases the cigarette tax from \$2.00 per pack of 20 cigarettes to \$4.00 per pack of 20 cigarettes, beginning November 1, 2021. Because the tax on other tobacco products is determined by the tax on cigarettes, this bill, by operation of law, increases the tax on other tobacco products, such as cigars and smokeless tobacco, by the same percentage change as the increase in the tax on cigarettes. Finally, this bill provides funding in fiscal years 2021-22 and 2022-23 to the Department of Health and Human Services, Maine Center for Disease Control and Prevention as follows: 1. For the purposes of tobacco use prevention and cessation, \$7,000,000 annually in order to attain the amount of funding recommended by the federal Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; and 2. To allow the center to research, identify and reduce health disparities in health care outcomes based on race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, gender identification, income, educational attainment or geographic location, \$10,000,000 annually, but only for the 2022-2023 biennium.				
1443						This bill establishes 5 new tax brackets for income exceeding \$100,000 for persons filing as single individuals or married individuals filing separately, \$150,000 for individuals filing as head of household and \$200,000 for individuals filing married joint returns or surviving spouses.				
1448	1597					This bill increases the state reimbursement for the property tax revenue lost by a municipality due to the Maine resident homestead property tax exemption to 100% beginning with property tax years beginning on or				

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						after April 1, 2022. This bill also specifies that the			
						property tax assessed on a homestead eligible for the homestead exemption may not be less than \$100.			
1458	1415			Babbidge		This bill provides a nonrefundable income tax credit: 1. up to \$1,000 per year for eligible individuals 2. for certain student loan payments made during the tax year 3. if the individuals were employed in Maine for at least 4 months of the tax year for which the credit is first claimed and for every month thereafter in years for which the credit is claimed.			
						"Eligible individual" is a resident individual who had received degree from accredited Maine or non-Maine community college, college or university.			
						The <u>credit is equal to the lesser of</u> : 1. 50% of the loan payments actually made and 2. 50% of income tax liability in the first year in which the credit is claimed, which declines to 10% of income tax liability in the 5th and final year in which the credit is claimed.			
						The credit may not exceed 50% of the individual's outstanding student loan debt and may not be claimed if the individual claims the credit for educational opportunity.			
1462	1414			Babbidge	Exemption for Newspapers	This bill provides an exemption from the sales and use tax for newspapers serving the public interest, which are publications on newsprint, sold for money and published not less than once every 2 weeks, that provide news coverage on the activities of state and local governments and community affairs and that provide a format for editorial commentary.			
1468	205			Stearns	An Act To Support All-terrain Vehicle Trail Improvement	This bill requires all use taxes collected on the rental of all-terrain vehicles to be deposited in the ATV Recreational Management Fund.			
1482	1310			Grohoski	An Act To Improve Access to Property Tax Exemptions for New Homeowners				

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	MPACT1
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						municipality due to removing that 12-month requirement, but only for the first year of eligibility. If a resident is eligible for the homestead exemption but does not take it until after the first year of eligibility, that exemption is eligible only for 70% reimbursement by the State. After the first year of eligibility, the state reimbursement rate drops to the current rate of 70%.			
1500	1697			Lookner	Income Tax Rates	·			
1516	1982					This bill amends the property tax exemption available to a resident of the State who is legally blind to exempt 10% of the just value of residential real estate owned by the resident from the property tax.			
	1459			J		This bill returns the exclusion amount, below which the Maine estate tax does not apply, to \$2,000,000 from the \$5,600,000 in current law for estates of decedents dying on or after January 1, 2022. This bill also creates an additional exclusion amount from the estate tax for family farms and aquaculture, fishing and wood harvesting businesses of up to \$3,800,000. This additional exclusion applies to farmland or depreciable machinery and equipment used in agriculture, aquaculture, fishing or wood harvesting that is inherited by a family member and remains in commercial use for 5 years following transfer. Both the \$2,000,000 exclusion amount and the \$3,800,000 additional exclusion amount are annually adjusted for inflation beginning in 2024.			
1525	2004				Solid Waste Management Program	This bill exempts from sales tax certain plastic bags that a municipality or other political subdivision of the State requires for the storage or disposal of solid waste in accordance with a solid waste management program adopted by the municipality or other political subdivision of the State.			
1569	1866				An Act Regarding an Excise Tax on Water Extracted for Commercial Bottling	This bill creates an excise tax of 5¢ per gallon on the extraction of groundwater or surface water for commercial bottling for sale.			

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						committee action)			
1598	1695			Terry	An Act To Eliminate Taxpayer	This bill provides that persons that violate laws			
					Subsidies for Discriminatory	against discrimination or certain labor laws are not			
					Employers	eligible for state financial assistance.			

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