Shaded LDs have been voted on by the Committee



TAXATION COMMITTEE

MLS 7/19/2021 9:42 AM

130th LEGISLATURE 1st REG SESSION

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
23	175	3/24	4/1			This bill <u>1. reinstates</u> the income tax deduction for <u>contributions to Section 529 education savings</u> <u>plans and</u> <u>2. increases the maximum amount allowed to</u> <u>\$1,000 per designated beneficiary</u> . Begins 1/1/21 tax years. A deduction up to \$250 was in effect from 2007 to 2015. Similar bill LD 71 in 129th Legislature. Died on Appropriations Table at end of 129th. <u>FAME recommends</u> changing application date to 1/1/22 tax years.			ninary estimate al impact \$33,000 \$1 million/year
80	88	2/9	4/1		An Act To Provide Critical Communications for Family Farms, Businesses and Residences by Strategic Public Investment in High- speed Internet and broadband Infrastructure (Emergency)	 This emergency bill requires: Beginning with sales occurring on or after 6/1/21 33% of sales and use tax revenue collected by the State Tax Assessor from marketplace facilitators, with respect to marketplace-facilitated sales, after required transfers to other funds, be transferred monthly to the ConnectMaine Authority Must be used to further deployment of high-speed Internet and broadband infrastructure to unserved and underserved areas of the State. Takes effect when approved. 	·	transfer \$15 to \$2 year beginning in MRS indicates ad	dditional penses to identify

¹ . Numbers may represent preliminary estimates and are subject to change. For more detail, please see fiscal note documents in LD file.

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IMP	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						 Can Maine expect federal \$\$ to support broadband? Is there \$\$ in biennial budget for broadband? Is there federal COVID \$\$ for broadband? 			
						4/1 tabled for further discussion.			
86	86	2/9	2/18		An Act To Make Sales to Area Agencies on Aging Tax-exempt	 This bill provides an exemption from the sales and use tax to: 1. Area agencies on aging, as designated by the DHHS, and 2. Public and private nonprofit agencies that are operating under grants provided by DHHS and that provide social services in order to secure and maintain maximum independence and dignity in a home environment for older people capable of self-care with appropriate supportive services. Same bill (LD 726) was introduced in 129th Legislature; unanimous OTPA from TAX; died in Appropriations Table at end of 129th , 2d Regular Session. 	OTPA fno	(\$25,650)	(\$62,700)
94	253	4/2	4/8		An Act To Allow Municipalities to Exempt Volunteer Firefighters from Paying Excise Tax on Their Vehicles Used To Respond to Fire Calls	This bill <u>authorizes municipalities to adopt an</u> ordinance extending a <u>vehicle excise tax exemption to</u> volunteer firefighters for vehicle used to respond to fire calls.	ONTP		
136	705	4/29	5/6		An Act To Increase the Maximum Pension Deduction for State Income Tax	This bill <u>increases</u> the maximum annual income tax <u>pension deduction</u> amount for nonmilitary retirement pensions <u>from current \$10,000 to \$35,000 over a 5-</u> <u>year period</u> beginning with the 2021 tax year.	ONTP/ OTPA		
						The \$35,000 pension deduction amount that applies <u>after the 2025 tax year is subject to an annual inflation</u> <u>adjustment</u> .			
140	320	2/9	2/18	-	An Act To Assist Certain Businesses in the State That Sell Prepared Food or Alcohol	This bill permits retailers selling prepared food or liquor sold by establishments licensed for on-premises sales and taxed at 8% to retain 1/8 of the sales tax collected on those sales to cover administrative expenses.	ONTP/ OTPA	(\$11,371,500)	(\$33,444,750)
						MRS has several policy and technical concern			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
141	111	3/2	3/16	Terry	An Act To Make Technical Changes to the Tax Laws	This bill is submitted by MRS: This bill makes technical changes to the tax laws. MRS CHART SUMMARIZING CHANGES POSTED ON COMMITTEE MATERIALS WEBPAGE	OTPA		
						 ON COMMITTEE MATERIALS WEBPAGE AND PROPOSED AMENDMENT http://legislature.maine.gov/9710 Part A, For changes to the income tax law: Authorizes the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services to disclose information to the Finance Authority of Maine necessary for the administration of the seed capital investment tax credit in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 5216-B. The authority is responsible for certifying investments that are eligible for the credit; Amends Title 36. section 5164, subsection 2, a provision of the Maine fiduciary income tax law, to incorporate gender-neutral terms, delete a duplicate word and make other technical textual changes; Repeals the additional tax on lump-sum retirement plan distributions, which does not apply to tax years beginning after 2012; Repeals the additional tax on early distributions from qualified retirement plans, which does not apply to tax years beginning after 2012; Clarifies that, for both the tax imposed on insurance companies pursuant to Title 36, chapter 357 and on persons pursuant to Title 36, chapter 357 and on persons pursuant to Title 36, chapter 357 and on persons pursuant to Title 36, Part 8, for purposes of the employer credit for family and medical leave, "employees based in the State" means employees that perform more than 50% of employee-related activities for the employer at a location in Maine. This change reflects administrative practice since implementation of the credit; Clarifies that a nonresident estate or trust that does not have Maine taxable income or a Maine income tax return if the estate or trust has distributable net income derived from or connected with sources in Maine and gross income of \$10,000 			

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						or more. This change reflects long-standing			
						administrative practice; and 7. Amends Title 36, sections 5221 and 5228 to			
						incorporate gender-neutral terms.			
						Dart P, changes to the coles tax low:			
						Part B, changes to the <u>sales tax law</u> : 1. Amends the diabetic supplies exemption to			
						require use by the purchaser;			
						2. Includes in Title 36 the effective date of 3 sales			
						tax exemptions enacted in the First Regular			
						Session of the 129 th Legislature that did not take effect until after the adjournment of the Second			
						Regular Session of the 129 th Legislature and			
						repeals conflicting public law provisions;			
						3. Clarifies the exemptions for nonprofit worldwide			
						charitable organization; and			
						 Removes the Mayo Regional Hospital in Dover- Foxcroft from the hospital tax definition of 			
						"municipally funded hospital."			
						Part C, changes to the <u>property tax law</u> :			
						1. Clarifies that the local assessor qualifying			
						examination and individual examination results are			
						confidential and thus not producible under a Freedom of Access Act request;			
						2. Clarifies that enhanced business equipment tax			
						exemption reimbursement only applies to tax			
						increment financing exempt business equipment			
						when the reimbursement is used to fund a tax increment financing development program.			
						Part D, general changes to tax law:			
						1. Updates Title 36, section 173, concerning			
						collection by warrant, to clarify the intent and make			
						technical changes; and			
						 <u>Repeals requirement</u> that TAX Committee <u>report</u> out a bill permanently eliminating corporate tax 			
						expenditures totaling \$6,000,000 per biennium by			
						February 6, 2016.			
						MRS Proposed Amendment to Part C to make			
						taxpayer identification numbers included in			
						Commercial Forestry Excise Tax return are			
						confidential.			

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL I	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
146	110	2/23		-	Resolve, Authorizing the State Tax Assessor To Convey the Interest of the State in Certain Real Estate in the Unorganized Territory	This resolve authorizes the State Tax Assessor to convey the interest of the State in several parcels of real estate in the Unorganized Territory that were acquired by the State because of nonpayment of property tax. MRS submitted proposed amendment at PH to correct some of the amounts for one property. Available on line at: <u>http://legislature.maine.gov/9710</u>	OTPA fno		
147	109	5/12	5/19		An Act To Update References to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 Contained in the Maine Revised Statutes and Amend Income Tax Modifications and the Maine Capital Investments Tax Credit	Bill submitted by DAFS: The bill updates references to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 contained in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36 to refer to the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended through December 31, 2020, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and for any prior tax year as specifically provided by the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. Sponsor indicated at PH that this bill is no longer needed because conformity was enacted in a prior budget bill. Sponsor requests ONTP.	ONTP		
168	538	3/16	3/23	-	Disabilities	CONCEPT DRAFT: This bill proposes to provide a payroll tax cut for businesses that employ people with disabilities. SPONSOR PROPOSED AMENDMENT: Provides <u>IT credit for employers</u> who employ qualified disabled employees. Credit is <u>equal to the difference</u> <u>between the wage paid and the subminimum wage</u> that would have been allowed under federal law.	ONTP/ OTPA		
179	30	2/23	4/1		An Act To Exclude Energy Efficiency Improvements from Property Tax	This bill: 1. Provides property tax exemptions for energy efficiency improvements and 2. Requires the Efficiency Maine Trust (EMT) to identify and make available and list such improvements.	OTPA	MRS estimate Admin costs: 2 positions \$190,000 to \$210,000	MRS estimate Admin costs: 2 positions \$190,000 to \$210,000

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						 3. "Energy efficiency improvements" are improvements that A. meet or exceed federal "Energy Star" standards or similar EMT standards; or B. Involve weatherization in a manner approved by EMT Issues raised at public hearing: Meaning of "energy efficiency Improvements" 			
						Role of Efficiency Maine TrustImpact on local revenue			
188	642	2/23		Jackson	An Act Regarding the Transportation of Products in the Forest Products Industry	 This bill Requires that owners and managers of log yards and mill sites present a copy of a trip ticket to a forest ranger in the log yard or mill site upon request. Adds a requirement related to the transportation of forest products by providing that a landowner of 50,000 or more acres of forest land in the State may not allow the transportation of forest products harvested on the landowner's land from a location in the State to another location in the State in violation of federal law or regulation or an international trade agreement that prohibits the transportation of goods from a location in the United States. (cabotage) Provides that a landowner with 2 prior violations of the new transportation requirement is ineligible for classification of the landowner's land under the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law, and Provides that the landowner may not receive BETE, BETR, income tax credits or state grants or other state funding. Similar bill (LD 2061) presented in 129th R2 but was not reported out of committee before adjournment and died at end of session. Sponsor suggested changes in testimony at PH. pp.2-3 at the following link: http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/getTestimon yDoc.asp?id=144118	OTPA/ ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
191	395	3/18	3/25	Bailey	An Act To Permit Municipalities To Provide Assistance to Veterans in Paying Property Taxes	 This bill <u>authorizes municipalities</u> to adopt a program that provides benefits: to veterans and their eligible family members who own or rent a homestead in the municipality. The <u>benefit for owners</u> is <u>based on the impact of property tax equalization</u> on the amount received as a property tax exemption compared to the amount that would have applied if no equalization of value was applied. The <u>benefit for renters</u> is \$100. <u>CURRENT LAW:</u> As required by the Maine Constitution the veteran's exemption of \$6,000 is based on equalized just value. If a municipality's valuation is at 90% of just value, the exemption is reduced to 90% of \$6,000 or \$5,400. <u>THIS BILL:</u> provides a benefit to a homeowner equal to the difference in the reduction in property tax due to the equalization of the exemption amount. <u>Sponsor indicated intent to provide that benefit is not taxable under the income tax.</u>	OTPA		
198	717	2/23		Chipman	An Act To Improve Maine's Tax Laws by Providing a Property Tax Exemption for Central Labor Council	This bill provides a <u>property tax exemption</u> for real estate and personal property owned and occupied or used solely for their own purposes by <u>central labor</u> <u>councils</u> . The same language (LD 989) was reported out of TAX Committee during the 129th R2 and died on the Appropriations Table at the end of the 129th Legislature <u>Estimated fiscal impact LD 989</u> : FY 22 \$1,625 FY 23 \$1,675	OTPA/ ONTP		
201	780	3/18	3/25	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		This bill extends <u>the income tax credit</u> for <u>rehabilitation</u> of <u>historic properties</u> .by amending the definition of "certified qualified rehabilitation expenditure" to <u>extend</u> from 12/31/25 to 12/31/40 the date by which the proposed rehabilitation of a structure <u>meets standards</u>	ΟΤΡΑ		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
					Historic Property Rehabilitation Tax Credit	for rehabilitation established by the National Park Service.			
						This expands the availability of the credit for 15 years.			
						Technical amendment identified to also extend date for MeSHA review and report on % of affordability.			
						Materials submitted by Maine Preseration			
217	315	3/16	3/23		An Act To Make Contributions Made To Pay Off School Meal Debt Tax- deductible	This bill provides an <u>income tax deduction</u> for: 1. An individual or a corporation that makes a <u>contribution to a public or nonprofit private</u> <u>elementary or secondary school</u> 2. To cover <u>student school meal debt</u> The deduction is <u>NOT</u> allowed if the person making the contribution is the <u>parent</u> of a student or a <u>person</u> <u>otherwise obligated</u> to cover the costs of a student	ONTP		
						MRS has concerns.			
229	435	4/2	4/6 5/19		An Act To Increase Investment Caps in the Maine Seed Capital Tax Credit Program	This bill increases the annual cap on eligible investment in any one business eligible for the seed capital tax credit from \$2,000,000 to \$3,000,000 and the aggregate cap on eligible investment in any one eligible business from \$3,500,000 to \$6,000,000. <u>CURRENT LAW:</u> Applies to investments by both individuals and private venture capital funds 1. Cap on aggregate investment in one business is \$3,500,000 and not more than \$2,000,000 in one year.	OTPA		
						4/6 Tabled for more information/OPEGA report4/27 Sponsor proposed amendment . Allows investments approved by FAME before 4/1/2020 to be eligible for previous higher cap.			

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241	1198	3/18	3/25 5/25			 This bill provides: income tax credit up to \$2,500 (based on % of hours worked during year) for an employer employing an apprentice participating in an apprenticeship program registered by the Maine Apprenticeship Program administered by the Maine Department of Labor. Begins with TY 2022. 	OTPA	Preliminary Admin. costs (one Revenue loss: million/year	MRS estimate time): \$33,000 \$1.5
262	658	3/18	3/25 5/26		a Tax Credit of 10 Percent of Wholesale Market Prices up to \$5,000 Annually for Businesses Engaged in Food Production for Donations of Food to Tax-exempt Organizations –	 This bill provides an income tax credit for donations: Of agricultural products, aquacultural products By persons engaged in commercial agricultural production, commercial aquacultural production or commercial fishing To a food bank, food kitchen or other tax exempt organization that provides food to low-income individuals without charging a fee for the food or requiring any other type of compensation from the low-income individuals. The credit is equal to 10% of the wholesale market price of the donated products up to a maximum credit of \$5,000. MRS technical concerns; need for clarification.	OTPA/ ONTP	Admin costs	MRS estimate \$33,000 no estimate
276	371			Berry	Maine's Tax Laws	Concept draft to improve and update tax laws. NOT HEARD OR WORKED	carryover		
288	551	5/11	5/11		Tax Law with Federal Law To Exempt Paycheck Protection Program Loans from Being Considered Taxable Income	This bill <u>proposes to conform Maine tax law</u> to federal income tax treatment of loan forgiveness under Section 1106(i) of the federal CARES Act, by providing an income tax exclusion for income attributable to <u>paycheck protection program loan forgiveness</u> that is excluded from federal gross income.	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	IMPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						This provision was dealt with in the Supplemental budget bill PL 2021, c. 1.			
290	346	5/12			Individuals 65 Years of Age or Older Who Own a Homestead for at Least 10 Years	This bill requires a municipality to <u>maintain the</u> property tax on a homestead at the amount billed in the year prior to an application for stabilization if the owner is: 1. A permanent resident of the State 2. Who is at least 65 years of age 3. Has <u>owned the homestead for at least 10 years</u> <u>The amount by which the property tax assessed</u> exceeds the stabilized amount must be paid to the municipality by the State. If an eligible individual moves to a different municipality, the stabilized property tax <u>amount</u> continues at the new location. An <u>application for stabilization must be made each</u> year to continue eligibility. <u>MRS concerns</u> Possible constitutional concerns Significant work for municipalities	ONTP/ OTPA		ary fiscal impact \$90,000 to sts
296	206					This bill expands the role of the Department of Health and Human Services with respect to the Respite Care Fund to include services for family caregivers. It provides a refundable income tax credit of \$2,000 for certified family caregivers and permits eligible family caregivers to choose to receive services or a tax credit. It requires the department, by routine technical rulemaking, to prescribe the details of eligibility for family caregiver services and the tax credit within the context of the Respite Care Fund and the National Family Caregiver Support Program. The bill requires the department to establish a stakeholder group to assist in carrying out the purposes of the family caregiver program, evaluating the effect of the program and assisting with the compilation of an annual report. The bill requires that revenue losses to the General Fund attributable to the family caregiver income tax credit be reimbursed from the Respite Care Fund and provides that aggregate expenditures under	rereferred to HHS		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						the Respite Care Fund may not exceed \$5,000,000 annually excluding existing funds and federal revenue.			
308	849	3/24	4/1		An Act To Promote Research and Development in the State by Increasing and Marketing the Research Expense Tax Credit	 This bill <u>increases the research expense tax credit</u> by: 1. <u>doubling the expenditures eligible</u> for the credit from 5% to 10% for expenditures over the federal base amount and from 7.5% to 15% of the federal basic research payments base amount and 2. <u>doubling the maximum</u> amount of the <u>credit</u> that may be claimed from \$25,000 to \$50,000. The bill also <u>provides ongoing funds</u> of \$100,000 per year beginning in fiscal year 2021-22 to <u>DECD to</u> advertise and market the research expense tax <u>credit</u>. <u>DECD requests that funding be allowed to market</u> other credits. 4/1 tabled for discussion with OPEGA about availability of its evaluation. 4/20 OPEGA indicated results of its review would not likely be available in 2021. 	carryover		
328	711	3/9	3/18		An Act To Fully Fund and Restore State-Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill increases state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% from 3.75% retroactively beginning 1/1/21.	OTPA/ ONTP	MRS prelimina	ary estimate
						<u>This bill is identical to LD 409.</u> CURRENT LAW: RevSh % until 6/30/21 is 3.75% RevSh % beginning 7/1/21 is 5%		FY 2022, 2023 \$4 (compared to bienni	i,000,000 7,000,000 al budget
						OTHER PROPOSALS: LDs 328 and 409 set % at 5% 1/1/21. Biennial budget proposal: Maintain % at 3.75% through 6/30/23. Then returns to 5%. OFPR Compendium of State Fiscal Information includes history of Revenue Sharing percentages and transfers (p. 65) http://legislature.maine.gov/doc/4877		proposal) <u>LD 403</u> FY 2022, 2023 \$3 (compared to biennis proposal)	8,000,000 al budget

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351	1552	2/23	3/4		An Act Regarding Municipal Valuation and State-owned Property	This bill changes the property tax exemption for state- owned property by <u>requiring the State to pay municipal</u> <u>property taxes on the state-owned property in a</u> <u>municipality that exceeds 10% of the total valuation of</u> <u>taxable property in the municipality</u> . Begins with 4/1/22 property tax status MRS raised constitutional issues at PH. Charts submitted by Sponsor after PH: <u>http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/bills/getTestimon</u> <u>yDoc.asp?id=144121</u>	ONTP/ OPTA		
392	1798			Terry	An Act To Amend the Tax Laws	This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would amend the tax laws. NOT HEARD OR WORKED	carryover		
401	446	3/24	3/29		An Act To Provide a Sales and Use Tax Exemption for Certain Nonprofit Cemeteries	This bill creates a <u>sales and use tax exemption</u> for an <u>incorporated nonprofit cemetery</u> that is exempt from federal income tax under Sec. 501(c)(13) of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Effective 1/1/22 IRC Sec. 501(c)(13) Exempt from fed IT <u>`Cemetery companies</u> owned and operated exclusively for the benefit of their members or which are not operated for profit; <u>and any corporation</u> chartered solely for the purpose of the disposal of bodies by burial or cremation which is not permitted by its charter to engage in any business not necessarily incident to that purpose and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual."	OTPA		
403	622	3/9	3/18		An Act To Assist Service Center Communities by Adjusting State- Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill, for fiscal years 2021-22 and 2022-23, sets the percentage of state-municipal revenue sharing at 4.25%, which is one-half of a percentage point above	ONTP	MRS prelimina	ary estimate

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL II	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						the amount proposed in the Governor's 2022-2023 biennial budget.		GF revenue loss: LD 328/409	
						Despite bill title, there is no special benefit for service center communities.		FY 2021 \$ FY 2022, 2023 \$ (compared to bienn proposal)	
						<u>CURRENT LAW:</u> RevSh % until 6/30/21 is 3.75% RevSh % beginning 7/1/21 is 5%		LD 403 FY 2022, 2023 \$ (compared to bienn proposal)	38,000,000 ial budget
						OTHER PROPOSALS: LDs 328 and 409 set % at 5% 1/1/21.			
						Biennial budget proposal: Maintain % at 3.75% through 6/30/23. Then returns to 5%.			
409	1054	3/9	3/18		An Act To Provide Funding To Restore Fully State-Municipal Revenue Sharing	This bill increases state-municipal revenue sharing to 5% from 3.75% retroactively beginning 1/1/21.	ONTP	MRS prelimir	nary estimate
						This bill is identical to LD 328.		GF revenue loss: LD 328/409	
						<u>CURRENT LAW:</u> RevSh % until 6/30/21 is 3.75% RevSh % beginning 7/1/21 is 5%			5,000,000 47,000,000 ial budget
						OTHER PROPOSALS: LDs 328 and 409 set % at 5% 1/1/21.		LD 403	
						Biennial budget proposal: Maintain % at 3.75% through 6/30/23. Then returns to 5%.		FY 2022, 2023 \$ (compared to bienn proposal)	
412	606	3/	3/16		An Act To Authorize the Use of Tax Increment Financing Funds for Constructing or Renovating Municipal Offices and Other Buildings	 This bill: Permits revenue from tax increment financing districts to be used for the construction or renovation of municipal offices or other buildings and Limits the revenue that may be used for those purposes to \$1,000,000 during a 20-year period for any one tax increment financing district. 	ONTP/ OTPA		

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						The bill also corrects a conflict in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5225, subsection 1,			
						paragraph C, which was amended by Public Law			
						2019, chapter 604 and chapter 625, by incorporating			
						the changes made by both laws.			
						Info provided by Rep. Carlow after PH:			
						http://legislature.maine.gov/doc/6275			
418	782	3/2	5/19		An Act To Create a Graduated Real	CURRENT LAW:	ONTP/		
					Estate Transfer Tax	 Current <u>rate of real estate transfer tax</u> is \$2.20 per \$500 of value of the real property transferred for 	OPTA		
						both buyer and seller.			
						2. Distribution: Default distribution of tax revenue			
						A. 10% retained by county			
						B. 45% to GF C. 45% to HOME Fund at MeSHA for housing			
						assistance.			
						Over the last 10+ years, funds have been diverted from the GF and the HOME Fund for other purposes. See			
						compendium. <u>http://legislature.maine.gov/doc/6065</u>			
						This bill: 1. Decreases the rate of the real estate transfer tax			
						on the first \$150,000 of value of a primary			
						residence to \$1.50 for each \$500 or fractional part of \$500 of the value, and			
						2. Increases the tax rate on the value of a primary			
						residence exceeding \$150,000 and on all other property to \$2.50 for each \$500 or fractional part			
						of \$500 of the value.			
						Last information:			
						Rep. Kessler working with sponsor and MRS on an			
						amendment?			
428	1634	4/15		Tepler	An Act To Prevent Tax Haven Abuse	This bill <u>requires corporations that file unitary income</u> tax returns in Maine to include income from certain	carryover		
						specified jurisdictions outside the United States			
						considered "tax havens" in net income when apportioning income among tax jurisdictions.			

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						The <u>State Tax Assessor is required to adopt major</u> <u>substantive rules</u> to determine the income or loss attributable to such corporations and to prevent double taxation or deduction of income.			
						The <u>assessor is required to submit an annual report</u> to TAX Committee regarding <u>whether jurisdictions should</u> <u>be added to or deleted from the list of tax havens</u> based on specified criteria.			
435	1319	3/24	3/29		An Act To Provide a Sales and Use Tax Exemption for Certain Educational Collaboratives	This bill provides a <u>sales and use tax exemption</u> for an incorporated nonprofit collaborative whose members are <u>regional school units</u> and that is organized to <u>assist</u> those units with professional development opportunities and services. <u>MRS suggests</u> that exemption be separated from exemption for government entities.	OTPA		
470	516				Member of the Military Reserves or Served in the National Guard To	This bill provides that persons who served on active duty in the National Guard or the Reserves of the United States Armed Forces are considered veterans eligible for veterans' property tax exemptions.	LVWD		
484	1853			Chipman		This bill is a concept draft pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would make specific changes to the laws governing taxation that are within the jurisdiction of the Joint Standing Committee on Taxation.	carryover		
495	1267	3/16	3/23 5/18		An Act To Improve Income Tax Progressivity by Establishing New Top Individual Income Tax Rates	This bill increases the tax rate on the current top bracket under the individual income tax from 7.15% to 8.35% and adds a new bracket of 11.15% on taxable income exceeding \$100,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$150,000 for heads of household and \$200,000 for individuals filing married joint returns or surviving spouses.Current IIT bracket (single): Bracket amounts doubled for married joint; 1.5 for heads of household. \$0 to \$21,0495.8% \$21,050 to \$49,9996.75% \$50,000 or more7.15%	ONTP	MRS Prelimina	

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Bracket amounts in bill: \$0 to \$21,049 5.8% \$21,050 to \$49,999 6.75% \$50,000 to \$99,999 8.35% \$100,000 and over 11.15% Similar bills: LDs 532,570 LRs 743, 1679, 1756 (not yet printed) MRS has technical and policy concerns.			
498	903	3/9	3/18 5/18	5	An Act To Reauthorize a 3 Percent Tax on Income over \$200,000 To Lift All Maine Workers out of Poverty	 This bill: Imposes a <u>3% income tax surcharge</u> on taxable <u>income exceeding \$200,000</u> and Increases the Maine earned income tax credit from 25% of the federal credit to 100% of the federal credit. MRS concerns: Does \$200,000 threshold apply to all filers (i.e. married joint filers and heads of household)? Does the threshold apply to income of trusts and estates? 3/18 tabled – Questions about recent federal changes to EITC previous referenda 	OTPA/ ONTP	MRS prelimin Cannot be determin answers to coverag <u>Estimated revenue of</u> education referendu FY 18 \$176,300,0 FY 19 \$151,500,0 FY 20 \$161,300,0 FY 21 \$171,900,0	ed without e concerns. o <u>n 3% for</u> <u>m:</u> 000 000
501	1123	3/9	3/18 5/26		An Act To Amend Maine's Corporate Income Tax by Increasing the Top Rate from 8.93 Percent to 12.4 Percent	This bill increases the income tax rate on corporations in the top income tax bracket from 8.93% to 12.4% for in the top income tax bracket from 8.93% to 12.4% for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022. <u>Current corporate IT rates:</u> \$0 to \$350,000 3.5% \$350,000 to \$1,050,000 7.93% \$1,050,000 to \$3,500,000 8.33% \$3,500,000 and over 8.93% <u>Corporate IT rates proposed by bill:</u> \$0 to \$350,000 3.5% \$350,000 to \$1,050,000 7.93% \$1,050,000 to \$1,050,000 7.93% \$1,050,000 to \$1,050,000 7.93% \$1,050,000 to \$3,500,000 8.33%	ONTP	MRS prelimin <u>Revenue increase:</u> \$75,000,000/year <u>Admin costs:</u> Nominal, can be ab	

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						\$3,500,000 and over 12.4% Link to <u>Tax Foundation list of corporate income tax</u> <u>rates for all states</u> . <u>https://taxfoundation.org/publications/state-corporate-</u> <u>income-tax-rates-and-brackets/</u> 3/18 Tabled for further discussion			
506	442	3/24	3/29		An Act To Reduce the Tax Burden on Low-income Electricity Customers	 This bill provides a <u>sales and use tax exemption</u> for all <u>electricity consumed by residential customers</u> <u>participating in either a low-income assistance</u> <u>program or arrearage management program approved</u> <u>by the Maine PUC</u>. This exemption maximizes the value of the benefit from the subsidies provided to participants in these programs. CURRENT LAW: Sales tax exemption for first 750KWH per month for residential electricity and off peak residential electricity for space heating or water heating by electric thermal storage device 	OTPA		
527	1171	4/13	4/27		An Act To Exempt MaineCare Appendix C Private Nonmedical Institutions from the Service Provider Tax	This bill <u>exempts from the service provider tax</u> so- called <u>MaineCare Appendix C private nonmedical</u> <u>institutions</u> , which are residential care facilities maintained wholly or partly for the purpose of providing residents with medical and remedial services. The service provider tax continues to apply to private nonmedical institution services that are provided by MaineCare Appendix B, D, E or F private nonmedical institutions. (<u>Application to Appendix F is unclear</u>) <u>HISTORY IN 129TH</u> <u>A similar bill was considered during the 1st Regular</u> <u>Session of the 129th Legislature</u> . It was changed to a Resolve (c. 81) directing DHHS and MRS <u>to examine</u> <u>and evaluate the tax including alternatives and report</u> <u>to the 2d Reg. Session by 3/1/20.</u>	OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	IMPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						<u>Issues were complicated by federal (CMS) challenges</u> to portions of the SPT and the State's ability to use it as match for federal Medicaid funding.			
532	1790	3/16	3/23 5/18		An Act To Lower Income Taxes for Middle-income Families in Maine	This bill provides:	ONTP	MRS prelimi	inary estimates
			0,10			 In <u>income tax credit</u> that <u>reduces income taxes by</u> <u>10%</u> for: (A) individuals filing as <u>single individuals</u> and married persons filing separately with taxable income <u>under \$60,000</u>, (B) <u>heads of households</u> with taxable income <u>under \$90,000</u> and (C) individuals filing <u>married joint returns</u> and surviving spouses with taxable income <u>under</u> <u>\$120,000.</u> 		Admin costs: Revenue impact: Not available at tii	\$11,000 me of PH
						2. New upper income tax bracket with tax rate of 7.95%:.			
						CURRENTLAW:IIT bracket (single):Bracket amounts doubled for married joint;1.5 forheads of household.5.8%\$0 to \$21,0495.8%\$21,050 to \$49,9996.75%\$50,000 or more7.15%			
						Bracket amounts in bill: \$0 to \$21,049 5.8% \$21,050 to \$49,999 6.75% \$50,000 to \$199,999 7.15% \$200,000 and over 7.95%			
534	1848	3/18	3/25 5/27		An Act To Allow Tax Abatements for Catastrophic Loss	This bill <u>allows</u> municipal <u>assessors</u> , or the State Tax Assessor for property in the unorganized territory, <u>to</u> <u>abate the property taxes of real property that :</u> <u>1. due to destruction by flood, fire, explosion or</u> <u>natural disaster</u> <u>2. occurring after 4/1 tax status date</u> 3. suffers at least a <u>50% decrease in just value to</u> <u>improvements</u> on that real property.	ONTP		
						MRS has technical and potential constitutional concerns.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						3/25WS not taken up			
538	996	3/24	3/29			 This bill provides a sales and use tax exemption for trailers that are purchased in the State by a nonresident and then driven or transported outside the State immediately upon delivery. The exemption excludes camper trailers, which are included in the definition of "trailer," because a similar exemption already exists for camper trailers, other than those that are being leased for a period of less than one year. 36 MRSA §1752.19-A definition of "trailer: 19-A. Trailer. "Trailer" means a vehicle without motive power and mounted on wheels that is designed to carry persons or property and to be drawn by a motor vehicle and not operated on tracks. "Trailer" includes a camper trailer as defined in section 1481, subsection 1-A. 	OTPA	Preliminary MRS Admin. cost:NEGLI Revenue loss: Not provided Similar bill (LF 160 out of committee an Appropriations Tabl 129th Legislature. Fiscal note on LD 1 substance) in the 12 FY 20 (\$117,049) FY 21 (\$175,750)	GIBLE 8) was reported ad died on the le at the end of the 608 (same 29th Legislature:)
570	550	3/16	3/23 5/18		An Act To Provide for Fairness in the Taxation of Extraordinary and Unearned Income by Establishing a 3 Percent Surcharge on Net Capital Gains and Dividends Income over \$250,000 for Taxpayers Filing Single or Married Separate Returns and over \$500,000 for Taxpayers Filing Joint Returns	 the taxpayer's <u>taxable income from net capital</u> <u>gains and dividends</u> and the amount by which the <u>taxpayer's taxable</u> 	ONTP	MRS prelimina Admin costs: \$ Revenue impact: Not available	11,000
576	1224	4/7	4/20	Jackson	An Act To Increase Property Tax Relief for Veterans	 This bill increases to \$10,000, beginning on or after April 1, 2022, the property tax exemption for <u>all categories</u> of eligible veterans other than paraplegic veterans receiving a \$50,000 exemption for specially adapted housing units. It also <u>expands the dates of federally recognized</u> war periods to include February 1, 1955 to February 27, 1961. State <u>reimbursement to municipalities is provided for 100% of the property tax revenue loss</u> to 	OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						municipalities as a result of the increase and expansion of exemptions.			
						MRS has technical concerns.			
611	526	3/24	3/29		from the 9 Percent Sales Tax on Lodging	This bill provides that the <u>sales tax exemption</u> for rental of certain living quarters applies to <u>individuals residing</u> <u>continuously in a tent or trailer space for 90 days or</u> <u>more in order to work during the summer season</u> .	ONTP/ OTPA		
						Sponsor has proposed amendment to remove requirement that the person renting the tent or trailer space be doing so "in order to work during the summer season."			
						Bill has effective date of 1/1/21. <u>MRSA questions</u> whether <u>retroactive</u> application is intended and has <u>other technical concerns</u> .			
647	517	4/7	4/20		Veterans' Property Tax Exemption	This bill allows persons who served in the Armed Forces of the United States during the period from February 1, 1955 to February 27, 1961 to qualify for the veterans' property tax exemption based on dates of service.	OTPA		
659	1016	4/14	4/21		Burden by Authorizing Municipalities To Require Payments in Lieu of Taxes from Certain Exempt Organizations	This bill <u>permits municipalities to</u> adopt an ordinance to impose an impact fee on property that is exempt from property tax under 36 MRSA §652 <u>unless the owner of</u> the property has <u>agreed</u> to make <u>payments in lieu of</u> taxes. <u>Purpose of fee is to recover cost of municipal</u> <u>services</u> provided to the property.	ONTP	MRS preliminar Admin costs: can b	
						An <u>impact fee may NOT be</u> : 1. <u>Less than 50% of amount of tax that would be</u> <u>assessed</u> on the property 2 <u>. imposed if the owner of the property has an annual</u> <u>budget of less than \$50,000</u> .			
						Municipality must attempt to negotiate a PILOT before assessing an impact fee.			
						Property exempt under 36 MRSA <u>§652</u> 1. Benevolent and charitable institutions			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						 Literary and scientific institutions Certain veterans' organization (e.g. VFW, American Legion) Chambers of Commerce or Boards of Trade Houses of religious worship/parsonages Hospitals, HMOs blood banks 			
						Potential ambiguity in language. Potential Constitutional issues			
708	221	5/4	5/10		An Act To Increase the Homestead Exemption to \$50,000	This bill increases the property tax exemption for homesteads from \$25,000 to \$50,000 for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. not updated	ONTP/ OTPA		
724	700	4/2	4/8	,	An Act To Base the Vehicle and Mobile Home Excise Tax on Actual Value	This bill changes the method of computing the vehicle excise tax levied on motor vehicles registered in the State except for certain large commercial vehicles. Current law: Except for certain large commercial vehicles. Current law: Except for certain large commercial vehicles. Current law: Except for certain large commercial vehicles. Vehicles, the vehicle excise tax is based upon the maker's list price. The excise tax on certain commercial motor vehicles and buses and special mobile equipment is based on the purchase price. This bill . Requires that: 1. 1. The excise tax for all motor vehicles currently taxed on "maker's list price" and "commercial motor vehicles" currently taxed on"purchase price" 2. Would instead be based upon the actual value of the vehicle 3. At the time of delivery to the owner, 4. "Actual value" is not defined and would be determined by sources approved by the State Tax Assessor. STATE REIMBURSEMENT TO MUNICIPALITIES: CURRENT LAW Requires the State to reimburse a municipality for the difference in the amount of excise tax that would have been collected by the municipality on each commercial	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCA	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						motor vehicle or bus using the manufacturer's suggested retail price instead of the actual purchase price. Bill requires reimbursement for all motor vehicles.			
						BMV and MRS have drafting and technical concerns.			
731	342	3/24	4/1		An Act To Establish a Program To Assist Regional Firefighter Training Programs, To Provide Tax Credits to Businesses That Employ Volunteer Firefighters and Emergency Medical Services Persons and To Provide Benefits to Volunteer Firefighters and Emergency Medical Services Persons		ΟΤΡΑ		
740	459	4/7	4/22		Generated from the Taxes Imposed on the Sale of Recreational Marijuana in Those Municipalities	 Establishes fund to share sales tax and excise tax on adult use marijuana with municipalities Transfers 25% of ST revenue and excise tax revenue (less administrative costs) on adult use marijuana to fund. Distributes fund to municipalities in proportion to the ratio of the marijuana revenue generated in the municipality to the total revenue generated by adult use marijuana establishments statewide. 	ONTP		
798	334	4/27	5/4 5/25			This bill <u>replaces current IT credit for educational</u> <u>opportunity</u> for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.	carryover	MRS prelimi Admin costs:	nary fiscal impact nominal can be absorbed
						The bill <u>creates a new simplified tax credit for student</u> loan repayment applicable to tax years beginning on or		Revenue impact	Not available

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL I	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						after January 1, 2022. It provides that taxpayers who			
						were eligible for a refundable credit under the credit for			
						educational opportunity may continue to receive a			
						refundable credit for tax years beginning before			
						January 1, 2024.			
						ELEMENTS OF NEW CREDIT:			
						1. A qualified individual must be a full-year Maine			
						resident who has obtained an associate,			
						bachelor's or graduate degree from an accredited			
						Maine or non-Maine community college, college			
						or university and who works at least part time in			
						Maine or on a vessel at sea or is deployed for			
						military service in the United States Armed			
						Forces during the taxable year.			
						 Loans obtained from related persons, such as family members, and certain businesses, trusts 			
						and exempt organizations, do not qualify for the			
						credit.			
						3. The credit in not refundable			
						4. The credit allowed for qualified individuals is the			
						lesser of the amount paid on eligible education			
						loans during the taxable year and 15% of the			
						outstanding eligible education loan debt on the			
						date the first education loan payment is made			
						after a degree is earned.			
						5. The credit allowed for employers is the lesser of			
						the amount paid by an employer on behalf of a			
						qualified employee during the taxable year during			
						the term of employment and 20% of the			
						outstanding eligible education loan debt on the date the first education loan payment is made			
						after December 31, 2021.			
						6. The <u>credit is available to the spouse</u> of an			
						individual eligible for a credit even if the spouse			
						is not employed.			
						7. Income tax deductions are provided for student			
						loan payments made directly to a lender by an			
						employer on behalf of a qualified employee and			
						payments made directly to a lender on behalf of a			
						taxpayer by a student loan repayment program			
						funded by a nonprofit foundation and			
						administered by the Finance Authority of Maine			
						for residents of the State employed by a business			
						located in the State.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	SPONSOR TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						 8. The <u>annual credit may include loan amounts paid</u> in excess of the amount due during a taxable year. 9. Credits in excess of those that may be used during a taxable year <u>may be carried over for the</u> <u>next succeeding 5 years</u>. 			
						The bill also provides an appropriation of \$75,000 annually to FAME to market the tax credit.			
830	677	4/7	4/22		An Act To Restructure the Taxation of Adult Use Marijuana	 This bill: 1. <u>Repeals the excise tax</u> on adult use marijuana on January 1, 2022 and 2. <u>Raises an estimated equivalent amount</u> of revenue by increasing the sales tax on adult use marijuana and adult use marijuana products to 20% on January 1, 2022. CURRENT LAW: 1. <u>Sales tax</u> on MJ: 10% on Adult use marijuana and adult use marijuana products 5.5% sales of medical marijuana 12% of ST revenue on adult use MJ goes to Adult Use Public Health and Safety Fund 2. <u>Excise tax</u> on adult use marijuana cultivation facilities based on volume (varies by product) 12% of ExT revenue goes to Adult Use Public Health and Safety Fund 	OTPA/ ONTP		
846	1622		4/27		An Act To Promote Benefit Corporations	CONCEPT DRAFT: This bill proposes to increase public awareness of benefit corporations and their purpose and advantages. It also proposes to provide a tax incentive to offset the cost of establishing and maintaining a benefit corporation. Under 13-C MRSA 1811.1 "A benefit corporation must have a purpose of creating general public benefit." SPONSOR PROPOSED AMENDMENT:	OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL I	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Changes bill to Resolve directing SoS and DECD to develop educational materials and services related to benefit corporations			
						Sec. of State proposed changes.			
871	160		4/22		An Act To Clarify Certain Provisions Regarding the Marijuana Excise Tax	 Bill submitted by DAFS: This bill makes the following changes to the marijuana excise tax provisions. 1. It adds definitions of "wet marijuana flower" and "wet marijuana trim." 2. It removes the "per pound or fraction thereof" calculation of excise taxes for mature marijuana plants and, beginning July 1, 2021, provides an excise tax of \$35 per mature marijuana plant. 3. It requires a cultivation facility licensee to calculate the taxable weight by reducing the total weight of wet marijuana flower or wet marijuana trim. 	OTPA		
897	1751	4/7		Warren	An Act To Protect Maine Veterans from Unfair Consequences of Taxation Policy	This bill is a <u>concept draft</u> pursuant to Joint Rule 208. This bill would protect Maine veterans from the unfair consequences of property taxation laws. <u>Sponsor provided amendment at public hearing:</u> <u>Allows municipalities</u> participating in the <u>municipal</u> <u>option Municipal Property Tax Deferral Program</u> for Senior Citizens <u>to charge a lower interest rate than the</u> <u>rate required by statute (0.5% higher than the rate for</u> <u>delinquent taxes</u>)	OTPA		
950	1747	4/2	4/6		An Act To Improve Maine's Economic Development Incentives	This bill provides that the <u>FAME may not issue a</u> <u>certificate</u> of eligibility for a refundable seed capital tax credit to a private venture capital fund until after certificates have been issued for nonrefundable credits and only if the annual limit on certificates will not be <u>exceeded</u> . The bill also provides ongoing appropriations of \$500,000 annually to the Governor's Jobs Initiative	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	ws	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IM	PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Program to be used as matching funds <u>for worker</u> training or retraining in manufacturing industries. <u>CURRENT LAW:</u> Investments made by private venture capital funds are refundable. Investments made by others are not refundable. <u>Sponsor suggested change:</u> 1. 1/1 to 3/31 credits available to individual investors			
						(not refundable) 2. 4/1 forward credits to private venture capital companies (refundable)			
953	1463	4/14		ult		 This bill <u>permits TIF funds</u> to be used by a municipality to <u>cover costs associated with the development</u> <u>of affordable housing in and outside development</u> <u>districts</u>, for the use in <u>supporting housing services for</u> <u>persons who are homeless</u>, for the purpose of providing an incentive for development within the municipality. The bill also <u>corrects a conflict</u> in the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 30-A, section 5225, subsection 1, paragraph C, which was amended by Public Law 2019, chapter 604 and chapter 625, by incorporating the changes made by both laws. Sponsor proposed amendment (as revised): Contains clarifications of use of TIF funds for affordable housing.	OTPA		
966	1153	4/15	5/27		Resolve, Establishing the Commission To Study Fair, Equitable and Competitive Tax Policy for Maine's Working Families and Small Businesses	 This resolve <u>establishes the Commission To Study</u> Fair, Equitable and Competitive Tax Policy for Maine's Working Families and Small Businesses and develop recommendations to: ensure tax policy is fair and equitable whether tax policy improves the competitive position of the State encourage investment in new and existing small businesses help attract skill workers level the playing field for small business aid entrepreneurs 	OTPA/ ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL II	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						7. adequately fund important government services The bill directs the commission, no later than November 4, 2021, to <u>submit a report, including</u> <u>suggested legislation, for presentation to the Second</u> <u>Regular Session of the 130th Legislature</u> .			
970	1272	4/2	4/8	Connor	An Act To Base the Motor Vehicle Excise Tax on Actual Sale Price	 This bill provides that, 1. for a motor vehicle purchased after December 31, 2022, 2. the motor vehicle excise tax must be based on the purchase price for the motor vehicle 3. if purchased from a new vehicle dealer or a used car dealer. "Purchase price" means amount paid or financed after trade-in, rebates, discounts or paybacks. For other motor vehicles, the excise tax continues to be based on the maker's list price. Bill does not provide for reimbursement to municipalities BMV and MRS have drafting and technical concerns. 	ONTP		
973	928		5/4		An Act Regarding the Educational Opportunity Tax Credit	 This bill allows a qualified individual receiving a EdOp IT credit to 1. claim payments made by April 1, 2021 on loan payments due in tax year 2020 and 2. To claim payments made until December 1, 2021 for loan payments due in tax year 2021. 3. For tax years beginning January 1, 2022, the bill allows prepayment prior to the due date on obligations for loans due that tax year and 4. For qualified individuals to be able to make catch-up payments in the first 2 years of their participation in the program. 	ONTP		
977	648		5/4		An Act Regarding the Maine Educational Opportunity Tax Credit	Current law allows a <u>person who obtained</u> an associate or bachelor's <u>degree</u> from an accredited Maine or non- Maine community college, college or university after <u>December 31, 2015</u> and a <u>person who obtained a</u> <u>graduate degree from an accredited Maine college or</u>	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action) university after December 31, 2015 to be eligible for	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						the educational opportunity tax credit.			
						This bill, for tax years beginning on or after Janaury 1, 2022, <u>expands eligibility</u> for the tax credit to a person who obtained the same type of <u>degrees after 12/31/11</u>			
978	649	4/2	4/6 5/25		An Act To Create an Access to Justice Income Tax Credit	This bill provides an <u>income tax credit</u> for 5 years for: 1. Attorneys who practice law in the State and	OTPA	MRS prelimi	nary estimate
						2. Agree to practice for at least 5 years in an underserved area of the State as determined by		Admin: Nominal/	absorbed
						 the Supreme Judicial court. 3. On roster to <u>accept court appointments</u> in underserved areas 4. Agree to <u>perform pro bono services</u> in underserved areas 5. Is <u>certified annually by Supreme Judicial Court</u> as eligible 			Not provided (insignificant?)
						. Eligibility for the credit is open from 2022 through 2027. The court may certify <u>up to 5 eligible attorneys</u> <u>each year</u> . Supreme Judicial Court <u>reports to TAX</u> and <u>TAX is directed to review the effectiveness</u> of the credit and may submit legislation to extend or revise it.			
						MRS has concerns			
						4-6 Tabled for more work b sponsor			
1046	1706	4/2	4/6	5	An Act To Create an Income Tax Return Checkoff for Hunger Prevention	This bill requires the inclusion of an <u>income tax check-off provision</u> on Maine income tax forms for taxpayers who wish <u>to contribute to support the emergency food</u> assistance program administered by the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry.	OTPA		
						It <u>also establishes the Emergency Food Assistance</u> <u>Program Fund</u> , to which revenue collected from the income tax checkoff is credited.			
						<u>LD 691 in ACF Committee</u> establishes a "Fund to Address Food Insecurity" to support individuals in need and Maine food producers. Appropriates \$50,000. (WS scheduled 4/8)			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL I	MPACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						DACF administers federal "Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) <u>CURRENT LAW:</u> Provides <u>checkoff may not be listed on form for more</u> <u>than one year unless it raised at least \$25,000</u> in previous calendar year. MRS has technical concerns			
1062	486	4/2	4/8		An Act To Phase Out the Insurance Premium Tax on Annuities	This bill <u>phases out the insurance premium tax on</u> <u>annuity considerations</u> over 10 years beginning in 2022 and provides that <u>during the phase-out period the</u> <u>retaliatory tax on non-Maine insurance companies</u> <u>does not apply.</u> The bill also specifies that <u>deductions related to</u> <u>annuities may be deducted from annuity</u> <u>considerations for tax periods beginning on or after</u> <u>January 1, 2022</u> .	OTPA/ ONTP	Admin cost F Revenue impact: N time	of PH 625, died on AT in 00) 00) 00)
1067	679	2/13			An Act To Institute a State Tax Amnesty Program To Increase General Revenue Collections	This bill, for the <u>purposes of encouraging delinquent</u> taxpayers to comply with the law, collecting unreported taxes and accelerating the collection of certain delinquent state tax liabilities, <u>enacts the 2021 Maine</u> Tax Amnesty Program. Under the program, a person with a tax delinquency as of September 30, 2021 may pay the taxes owed, plus half the accrued interest, without incurring a penalty or any other criminal or civil liability. The period during which a delinquency may be paid under the 2021 Maine Tax Amnesty Program is from October 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021. The program is <u>not available</u> for debts for which the State has secured a warrant or civil judgment in the State's favor. From the effective date of this legislation until September 30, 2021, the State Tax Assessor is	carryover		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						encouraged to offer a delinquent taxpayer the same benefits of the 2021 Maine Tax Amnesty Program in order to avoid having a taxpayer wait until October 1, 2021 or later to pay the delinquent taxes.			
						MRS: "not warranted at this time.			
1071	332	5/4	5/10		An Act To Reduce Property Taxes for Maine Residents	This bill increases the total exemption under the Maine resident homestead property tax exemption program to \$50,000 for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. This bill also increases state reimbursement to municipalities for homestead property tax exemptions from 70% to 100% for property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2021. NOT UPDATED	OTPA/ OTPA		
1118	910		4/29		An Act To Promote Reliable Rural High-speed Internet	 This bill provides an <u>income tax credit</u> for: <u>high-speed Internet</u> service providers who engage in a <u>project approved by the</u> <u>Commissioner of ECD</u> that <u>provides high-speed Internet service</u> where the average number of potential <u>customers per mile does not exceed 20</u> and the <u>cost to the customers does not exceed the</u> <u>CPI cost for high-speed Internet service in a</u> <u>metropolitan area</u>. Applies to TYs beginning on or after 1/1/22. 	ONTP		
1129	228	4/14			An Act Relating to the Valuation of Retail Sales Facilities	 This bill provides that, in <u>establishing the just value of retail sales facilities</u>, 1. Consideration must be given to <u>3 recognized approaches to valuation of commercial property</u> A. cost less depreciation B. income C. comparable sales and 2. The assessor must <u>consider the value of reasonably similar properties</u> with regard to age, condition, use, type of construction, location, design, physical features and economic characteristics. 	carryover		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCA	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1132	1418	4/14	4/21		An Act To Encourage the Renovation of Available Housing Stock	This bill establishes an expedited process for a municipality to acquire clear title to abandoned property subject to a tax lien.	OTPA	MRS prelin Admin costs:	ninary fiscal impact can be absorbed
						The bill also <u>directs the Maine State Housing Authority</u> to develop a <u>program to purchase tax-acquired</u> <u>properties that have been renovated and to make them</u> available for rent or for sale to first-time home buyers.			
						 Sponsor provided proposed amendment at PH: 1. Substitutes a <u>different process for identification</u> <u>of abandoned property</u> (Municipal code enforcement officer certifies) 2. Substitutes a <u>different process for MeSHA</u> <u>involvement in property becoming available for affordable housing.</u> 			
1136	1500	5/6	5/11``		An Act To Promote Fairness in Income Tax Rates by Making Them More Progressive	This bill changes the individual income tax brackets to provide 4 brackets rather than 3. The bill adds a new bracket of 10.15% on taxable income exceeding \$100,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$150,000 for heads of households and \$200,000 for individuals filing married joint returns and surviving spouses.	ONTP		
1140		5/5	5/5 5/11		An Act To Establish a Sales Tax Exemption for the Purchase of Firearm Safety Devices	This bill establishes a <u>sales tax exemption</u> for <u>a safe,</u> lockbox, trigger lock or barrel lock that is specifically designed for securing firearms. 5/5 WS voted OTPA (fno) 5/11 reconsidered voted OTPA (fno)	OTPA		
1145	1313		5/6		An Act To Eliminate the State Income Tax on Maine Public Employees Retirement System Pensions	This bill provides an income tax deduction for retirement benefits under state, local or federal government retirement plans that are based on employment compensation for which contributions are not made to the federal Social Security system. result in reductions in the amount of Social Security benefits that a retiree is eligible to receive under the federal windfall elimination provision. This bill provides an income tax exemption for those retirement benefits.	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1156	1378	4/13			Employment Tax Increment Financing Benefits	This bill makes changes to the ETIF program for calendar years beginning with 2022 <u>by basing benefits</u> <u>on the gross wages of qualified employees rather than</u> <u>on income tax withholding for those employees</u> . The bill directs the DECD and the State Tax Assessor to take actions, including the <u>adoption of routine</u> technical rules, to implement the change. <u>DECD recommends holding any changes until next</u> <u>year.</u> Evaluation of Pine Tree Zone Program and ETIF currently under way.	carryover		
1162	310	5/5	5/10		the Sales and Use Tax on Motor Vehicles and Motor Vehicle Parts to the Highway Fund	This bill provides that 20% of the sales or use tax on motor vehicles and motor vehicle parts must be transferred to the Highway Fund beginning in 2022. NOT UPDATED	ONTP		
1166	1844	4/7	4/20		Exemption for Veterans by 50 Percent	This bill increases by 50%, for tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2022, the property tax exemption for all categories of eligible veterans other than paraplegic veterans receiving a \$50,000 exemption for specially adapted housing units. <u>CURRENT LAW:</u> WWI vets and survivors \$7,000 Other vets and survivors \$6,000 <u>Bill increases to:</u> WWI vets and survivors \$10,050 Other vets and survivors \$ 9,000 Sponsor testimony indicates she also supports other expansions (age, %, merchant mariners, any military) MRS has technical concerns.	ONTP		
1174	698	4/14	4/21		Send Separate Tax Bills for Municipal,	 This bill <u>permits municipalities to issue separate</u> <u>property tax bills</u> for the portion of their tax commitments attributable to: <u>education funding</u> and the portion attributable to <u>county taxes and all</u> <u>other municipal costs</u>. 	ONTP	Fiscal No fiscal impact bec	

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						CURRENT LAW: Permits municipal tax bills to identify 1. % distributed to A. education B. local govt C. county govt D. state govt 2. Outstanding municipal bonded indebtedness 3. Due date and interest of delinquent taxes			
1181	1541	4/7	4/20		the Primary Residence of Veterans Who Are 100 Percent Disabled Due to Service-connected Disabilities	CONCEPT DRAFT: This bill proposes to reduce property taxes on the primary residence of veterans who are 100% disabled due to service-connected disabilities.	ONTP		
1184	1067		5/6		Certain Out-of-state Pensions	This bill exempts from Maine income tax certain income from out-of-state pensions in order to avoid double taxation of that income. The exemption is only for the amount of the contribution made by the taxpayer divided by the life expectancy of the taxpayer and applies only if the income is included in federal adjusted gross income and not deducted under the general pension deduction. In order to qualify for the exemption, the contribution must have been made using income on which income tax was paid and is available only if the state in which the taxpayer resided at the time of the contribution provides a similar exemption to a former resident of Maine.	ONTP/ OTPA		
1185	675	4/7	4/22		Marijuana Host Municipalities	 Establishes fund to share sales tax and excise tax on adult use marijuana with municipalities Transfers 12% of ST revenue and excise tax revenue (less administrative costs) on adult use marijuana to fund. Distributes fund to municipalities in proportion to the ratio of the marijuana revenue generated in the 	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAI	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						<u>municipality</u> to the total revenue generated by adult use marijuana establishments statewide.			
1193	1117	4/13	4/27		An Act To Exempt Certain Disabled Veterans from the Motor Vehicle Excise Tax	This bill provides a <u>MVET exemption for veterans</u> who are permanently disabled and are <u>receiving benefits</u> <u>based on 100% service-connected disability</u> . <u>MRS recommends</u> using language in property tax exemption for disabled veterans" Veterans: "(2) Who are disabled by injury or disease incurred or aggravated during active military service in the line of duty and are receiving any form of pension or compensation from the United States Government for total, service-connected disability."	OTPA	Preliminary Admin costs:	⁷ MRS fiscal info can be absorbed
1195	800	4/7	4/22		An Act To Increase Funding to Qualifying Municipalities by Sharing Adult Use Marijuana Sales and Excise Tax Revenue	Transfers 5% of ST revenue and excise tax	OTPA fno/ ONTP recommitted to TAX carryover		
1203	885	4/13	4/27		An Act To Amend the Application of the Excise Tax on Noncommercial Watercraft Temporarily in the State	CURRENT LAW: Exempts from watercraft excise tax: 1. <u>commercial watercraft</u> without an established base of operations in the State and 2. all <u>other watercraft that are not present</u> in the state for <u>more than 75 days during the year</u> . This bill <u>reduces from 75 days to 28 days the length of</u> time noncommercial vessels may be in Maine without being subject to the watercraft excise tax.	ONTP		
1209	2011		5/13		An Act To Establish Municipal Cost Components for Unorganized	This bill establishes <u>municipal cost components</u> for "municipal services" provide by the State and counties	OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
					Territory Services To Be Rendered in Fiscal Year 2021-22	in the unorganized territory that would normally be paid for by a municipality.			
						The municipal cost components constitute the basis for the property tax for the unorganized territory.			
1216	494	4/13	4/27	Terry	An Act To Amend the State Tax Laws	ANNUAL BILL SUBMITTED BY DAFS/MRS:	OTPA		
						Part A makes changes to the insurance premiums and income tax law. Part A:			
						 Changes the due dates for community colleges, colleges and universities, Department of Education and Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of Revenue Services, Office of Tax Policy reports on the implementation of the educational opportunity tax credit from February 1, 2021, for the colleges, and March 1, 2021, for the Department of Education and Office of Tax Policy, to February 1, 2022; Repeals the requirement that remaining funds in the Medical Use of Marijuana Fund be used to fund the cost of the INCOME tax deductions provided pursuant to the Maine Revised Statutes, Title 36, section 5122, subsection 2, paragraph PP and Title 36, section 5200-A, subsection 2, paragraph BB and the cost of the position in the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Bureau of Revenue Services to administer the tax deductions; Expands the so-called Maine insurance premiums retaliatory tax to include insurance companies 			
						 4. Clarifies that the Maine reporting and tax payment requirements related to federal partnership 			
						adjustments under the new federal centralized partnership audit rules includes negative federal adjustments arising from Internal Revenue Service partnership audits and administrative adjustment requests filed with the Internal Revenue Service, and amends the requirements to allow a refund directly to			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						the partnership in lieu of a refund to the affected			
						partners to the extent that negative adjustments			
						exceed positive adjustments;			
						5. Clarifies that the Maine reporting and tax payment			
						requirements related to federal partnership			
						adjustments under the new federal partnership audit			
						rules also apply to a partnership that has filed an			
						administrative adjustment request with the federal			
						Internal Revenue Service;			
						6. Establishes a penalty for persons who fail to			
						provide returns of information to the State Tax			
						Assessor or who willfully furnish to the assessor a			
						false or fraudulent return of information. Generally, returns of information consist of Forms W-2, Forms			
						1099 and other similar forms containing tax information			
						necessary for filing Maine tax returns. Similar to the			
						penalty imposed for failure to provide information			
						statements, or for willfully providing a false or			
						fraudulent statement to payees, the penalty is \$50 for			
						each failure to provide a return of information to the			
						State Tax Assessor. The penalty applies to returns of information required to be filed on or after January 31,			
						2022;			
						7. Makes the following changes to the renewable			
						chemicals tax credits: A. Adds taxpayer information reporting and 3rd-party			
						testing and verification credit requirements, to be			
						specified by rules of the State Tax Assessor;			
						B. Clarifies that the renewable chemicals may not be			
						sold as food, feed or fuel and that they must be			
						produced in Maine; and			
						C. Modifies the February 1, 2024 report on the renewable chemicals tax credit issued by the			
						Department of Economic and Community			
						Development to remove required reporting on the			
						number of indirect jobs created and to include			
						reporting on the newly reinstated credit for biofuel			
						commercial production and commercial use under Title			
						36, section 5219-X.			
						Part B makes changes to the sales tax law, applicable			
						to sales occurring on or after January 1, 2022. Part B:			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹		
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23	
						1. Clarifies that the Title 36, Part 3 definition of "in this State" includes sales of tangible personal property and taxable services sourced in this State pursuant to Title 36, section 1819;				
						 Repeals the presumptive sales and use tax registrations requirements for affiliate-based and certain agent-based connections with the State; 				
						 Corrects a conflict created when 2 different public laws enacted the same section of law and: A. Clarifies that the remote seller and marketplace registration requirements apply based on sales in this State and not the location from which they are delivered; B. Repeals the remote seller and marketplace facilitator sales and use tax registration requirement for persons or marketplace facilitators, respectively, with at least 200 separate sales transactions in the State; and C. Clarifies the agent, representative, salesperson, solicitor or distributor registration requirements by removing the redundant term "storage"; and Expands the sales and use tax sourcing provision to apply to all sales and not just retail sales. 				
						Part C makes changes to the property tax law. Part C: 1. Lowers the declared ratio accuracy threshold from within 20% to within 10% of the state valuation ratio last determined to align with the accuracy requirement provided for state reimbursement for the homestead exemption; and				
						2. Updates and aligns the audit authority for exemptions that are reimbursed by the State to municipalities, allowing for the audit of all reimbursable exemptions.				
						Part D makes the following updates to respond to certain COVID-19 impacts and is effective when approved. Part D:				

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IM	PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						 Aligns the Title 36 definitions of "disaster period" with the Title 10, section 9902 definition; 			
						2. Relaxes the "work in Maine" requirement of the educational opportunity tax credit by deeming a qualified individual who worked in this State immediately prior to, or at any point during, the state of emergency declared by the Governor due to the COVID-19 pandemic to have worked in this State for the entire state of emergency;			
						 Relaxes the primary use requirement of the sales tax exemption for machinery and equipment by determining the equipment's primary use based only on the days in use; and 			
						 Allows taxpayers to use the sourcing law of another jurisdiction when calculating the credit for income tax paid to other jurisdictions in certain COVID-19 pandemic-related teleworking circumstances. 			
						Part E clarifies and simplifies the corporate income tax law by establishing clearly defined, objective nexus thresholds as a practical structure for the current general "economic nexus" standard. These so-called factor presence thresholds clarify the minimum thresholds that, when exceeded by a corporation, subject that corporation to the Maine corporate income tax. In addition, the new thresholds create a safe harbor for corporations with little activity within the State that nonetheless have nexus under current law due to a small, but greater than de minimis, physical presence in the State. The new thresholds are \$250,000 of property, \$250,000 in payroll or \$500,000 in sales in Maine, or 25% of total property, payroll or sales in Maine, as determined under Title 36, chapter 821. The thresholds apply to tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022.			
						Part F updates, clarifies and simplifies the service provider tax law regarding consumer purchases of digital media by equalizing the tax treatment between the various modes of purchase for sales occurring on or after October 1, 2021.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IMPACT ¹		
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23	
						MRS has proposed amendment.				
1222	246	5/12	5/25		An Act To Reduce Property Taxes of Seniors in an Amount Equal to the Cost of Education	This bill provides <u>a property tax "exemption"</u> for 1. individuals <u>65 years of age or older</u> 2. <u>equal in value to the amount of those taxes the</u> <u>municipality in which the real estate is located would</u> <u>otherwise use to fund its public schools</u> . The bill applies to <u>property tax years beginning on or</u> <u>after April 1, 2021</u> . <u>Raises constitutional concerns.</u>	ONTP	MRS preliminar Admin costs: \$ \$125,000 Reimbursement to r likely to be substant	75,000 to nunicipalities	
1227	1268		5/6		Income Tax Deduction for Certain	This bill establishes an income tax deduction for taxpayers who receive civil service retirement plan benefits that do not participate in the federal Social Security program in recognition of the fact that the current law provides an income tax deduction for all Social Security benefits in addition to a \$10,000 pension exemption for retirement plan benefits. The bill phases in greater parity in the treatment of the 2 types of pension systems by increasing the civil service pension deduction amount by \$5,000 per year until 2025 when it reaches the maximum annual benefit that an individual retiring at retirement age would receive under the federal Social Security Act.	OTPA			
1243	818				An Act To Exempt from Taxation Out- of-state Pensions	This bill exempts from Maine income tax the portion of retirement benefits attributable to a taxpayer's contribution to an employee retirement plan or an individual retirement account the taxpayer contributed to while the resident of another jurisdiction if those benefits are included in federal adjusted gross income.	ONTP			
1247	755	4/14	4/21		An Act To Place a Moratorium on Property Revaluations for Tax Purposes during a State of Emergency	This bill <u>requires</u> a <u>municipality or state department or</u> <u>agency</u> to <u>temporarily halt a property revaluation</u> required by state law <u>during a state of emergency</u> and to <u>resume the revaluation upon the termination of the</u> <u>emergency</u> .	ONTP			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL I	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						MRS raises administrative issues, interpretation issues, and potential constitutional issues			
1251	1373	4/15	4/29			This bill allows individuals, beginning with 2021 tax years, to claim itemized charitable income tax deductions that exceed the State's limit on itemized deductions.	ONTP/ OTPA		
						CURRENT LAW: Limit on itemized deductions (excluding medical and dental expenses) is \$28,350.			
1257	752	4/15	4/29		Zoning in Municipalities by Increasing Revenue Sharing	This bill creates an additional level of state-municipal revenue sharing to provide additional resources to municipalities with inclusionary zoning <u>to increase the</u> availability of affordable housing.	ONTP		
						The bill requires the <u>transfer from the General Fund to</u> the Inclusionary Zoning Fund of 0.25% of the revenue sharing base (IT, ST, portion of SPT).			
						Amounts received by the Inclusionary Zoning Fund are distributed to municipalities with "inclusionary zoning" in proportion to relative population of the municipalities.			
1261	1614	4/15	4/29		Opportunities in Maine by Exempting Certain Campground Rental Fees from the Sales and Use Tax	This bill <u>repeals the definitions of "tourist camp" and</u> "trailer camp" and replaces those terms with the term "campground" in the sales and use tax law.	ONTP/ OTPA		
						This bill <u>exempts from sales</u> and use tax rental fees charged <u>to a person who resides for 28 days or longer</u> at one campground.			
						This bill <u>also exempts</u> from the sales and use tax the rental of a site at a campground regardless of the number of days of residence as long as nothing else of value is provided by the owner of that campground to the renter.			
1277	265	5/5	5/18		An Act To Remove Sales and Use Taxation on Monetary Metals	This bill provides a <u>ST exemption</u> for the <u>sale of</u> <u>specie</u> , defined as 1. <u>coins with gold or silver content</u> or 2. <u>refined gold or silver bullion coined, stamped or</u> imprinted with its weight and purity and the value of	OTPA/ 0NTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						which is based primarily on its metal content and not its form.			
						Covers the same items as LD 1371.			
1283	1391	5/12	5/13		Growth Tax Law To Encourage Public Access	Beginning 4/1/22, this bill excludes from benefits under the Maine Tree Growth Tax Law a parcel of land to which public access for recreational use is limited or prohibited by the owner	ONTP		
1289	640	5/6	5/11 5/18			This bill creates a new income tax rate of 7.95% for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2022 for income exceeding \$300,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$450,000 for individuals filing as heads of household and \$600,000 for individuals filing married joint returns or as surviving spouses. The bill also increases the homestead property tax exemption from \$25,000 in 2021 to \$35,000 in 2022, \$45,000 in 2023 and \$55,000 in 2024.	carryover		
1334	1105	5/13	5/10	,	Development through Increased Film Incentives	 CURRENT LAW provides: <u>Nonrefundable income tax credit</u> equal to 5% of <u>nonwage visual media production expenses</u> (VMPE) if company has more than \$75,000 VMPE. <u>Reimbursement for certified production wages</u>: 12% for wages paid to Maine residents and 10% for wages maid to nonMaine residents. This bill makes <u>multiple changes to the tax credits</u> available to <u>visual media production companies</u> operating in the State. The bill makes the available tax credits refundable, increases the credits for certain expenses incurred in Maine and for hiring residents of Maine and offers additional credits for visual media productions that are located in certain Maine counties, are set in Maine or have a lead cast member, writer or director who is a Maine resident. 	carryover		
						The bill also			

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						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						 reduces the total expenditures needed to qualify for the credits, extends the time period for visual media production companies to certify with DECD and sets a \$500,000 limit on the total value of the tax credits that increases to \$1,000,000 after January 1, 2026. 			
						The bill makes other changes necessary for these provisions.			
1335	629	4/15	5/27		the Sales Tax for Basic Needs Products and Offset the Loss of	This bill amends the definition of "grocery staples" exempt from the sales tax to include <u>toilet paper,</u> diapers or menstrual products, effective August 1, 2022.	OTPA		
						 The bill requires <u>Maine Revenue Services to study</u> 1. amount of any sales tax <u>revenue lost</u> by classifying toilet paper, menstrual products and diapers as grocery staples, as exempt from sales tax. 2. <u>available options to offset any lost sales</u> tax revenue, including taxation of imported luxury foods. 			
						Maine Revenue Services is directed <u>to submit a report</u> to the TAX Committee by December 1, 2021, and the committee is authorized to submit a bill based on the report to the Second Regular Session of the 130th Legislature.			
1337	103	4/14			Housing and Reduce Property Taxes through an Impact Fee on Vacant Residences	This bill <u>creates a residential vacancy impact fee for</u> <u>certain vacant residential property</u> . Property is <u>"vacant"</u> if it has not been occupied by a permanent resident at least 180 days during the previous calendar year.	carryover		
						Vacancy <u>fee is 0.5% of the equalized value of the</u> residential property (excluding land value)each year			
						The <u>revenue from the impact fee</u> after reduction for administrative costs, is <u>distributed</u> : 1. 50% to the HOME fund to be used to <u>fund</u> <u>affordable housing activities</u> and			

LD	LR	LR PH	WS	SPONSOR	SPONSOR TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						 50% to the Local Government Fund to be used to reimburse municipalities for the Maine residents homestead property tax exemption (usual revenue sharing distribution formula not directly tied to homestead exemption). 			
						MRS is required to submit a report to the TAX Committee by 12/1 after the first full year after imposition of a vacancy impact fee identifying experience with the impact fee			
						STA, MeSHA and State Treasurer required to submit data reports to OPEGA.			
						The bill also <u>requires the impact fee to be evaluated</u> by the Office of Program Evaluation and Government Accountability in the same manner as are tax expenditures and identifies policy objectives and performance measures.			
						<u>OPEGA notes</u> that the impact fee is not a tax expenditure and different procedure should be followed.			
						MRS raises concerns about administrative responsibilities, drafting concerns, state mandate requirements and constitutional concerns.			
1342	559	5/5	5/11	5	An Act To Authorize a Local Option Sales Tax on Lodging and Other Goods and Provide Funding for Tax Abatement and Rental Relief	This bill allows a municipality to impose a local option sales tax of 1% on lodging that is currently subject to the sales and use tax if approved by referendum of the voters in that municipality. Ninety percent of the revenue from the local option sales tax is distributed to the municipality imposing the local option sales tax. The other 10% is distributed to the Maine State Housing Authority, which is required to establish a program of property tax relief and rent relief for municipalities using the revenue. Revenue received by a municipality may not be used to reduce or eliminate funding otherwise due the municipality under other provisions of law. The local option sales tax may not take effect before July 1, 2022.	ΟΤΡΑ		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
1355	1998	5/4	5/10		Who Are Disabled	This bill provides a motor vehicle excise tax exemption for veterans who are receiving benefits based on 100% permanent service-connected disability. NOT UPDATED	ONTP		
1362	208	5/5	5/11		for Fail ⁱ ng To Collect and Remit Sales and Use Taxes on Ammunition Sales	This bill provides that a marketplace facilitator or marketplace seller that sold ammunition to residents of the State between July 1, 2018 and September 1, 2021 may not be assessed a penalty for or charged interest on the untimely remittance of the sales taxes imposed on those sales if it remits the taxes owed the Department of Administrative and Financial Services, Maine Revenue Services no later than October 31, 2021.	ONTP/ OTPA		
1369	1477		5/11 5/18		Percent Flat Income Tax	This bill, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, replaces the current income tax structure for individual income taxes with a flat 5% tax imposed on all individual Maine residents.	ONTP/ OTPA		
1371	1441	5/5	5/18		An Act To Exempt Gold and Silver Transactions from State Sales and Use Tax	 This bill provides a ST exemption for the sale of: <u>coins with gold or silver content</u> or <u>refined gold or silver bullion coined, stamped or</u> imprinted with its weight and purity and the value of which is based primarily on its metal content and not its form. <u>Covers same items as LD 1277.</u> 	OTPA/ ONTP		
1381	1145	5/5	5/10		Holiday To Help Maine Businesses Affected by the COVID-19 Pandemic	This bill establishes the weekend of Indigenous Peoples Day as an annual sales-tax-free weekend for sales of tangible personal property and prepared food and the rental of living quarters. The exemption does not apply to tobacco products, boats, vehicles or any single item with a cost of more than \$2,500. NOT UPDATED	ONTP/ OTPA		
1382	1686	5/13	5/26		and Bridges	CURRENT LAW: gas tax 30¢ per gallon diesel 31.2¢ per gallon All fuel taxes go to Highway Fund and must be used for roads and bridges and traffic enforcement.	ONTP/ OTPA	MRS preliminar Admin costs FY 22 \$7	y fiscal impact 76,000

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						This bill <u>increases fuel taxes</u> by: 4¢/gallon beginning October 1, 2021, an additional 3¢/gallon beginning 10/1/23, an additional 3¢/gallon beginning 10/1/23 and an additional 2¢/gallon beginning 10/1/24. The bill also establishes a <u>refundable income tax credit</u> <u>of \$100 for individuals with FAGI that is lower than the</u> <u>federal poverty level</u> . MRS has technical concerns.		FY 23 Revenue impact	\$87,000 Not provided
1395	1288	5/5	5/11		An Act To Suspend Meals and Lodging Taxes until 12 Months after the COVID-19 Civil Emergency	This bill provides an exemption from the sales tax imposed on the sale of prepared food and the rental of living quarters during the state of emergency declared by the Governor due to the COVID-19 pandemic and for one year after that state of emergency is terminated.	ONTP		
1406	847	5/12	5/19		An Act To Encourage Relocation to Rural Maine	 This bill creates a refundable income tax credit for up to 5 years for a person who relocates from a location that is not a rural area to a location that is a rural area. The credit is equal to the lesser of the person's property tax bill in the rural area or \$2,000 plus lesser of the person's Internet connectivity expenses or \$1,000. The credit may be claimed for a total of 5 years for a person who moves from outside a rural area to a residence within a rural area, defined as Aroostook County. Somerset County. Piscataquis County and Washington County. 	carryover		
1410	1570		5/4		An Act To Incentivize the Development of the Labor Force in the Green Jobs Sector through Assistance in Repaying Student Loan Debt	 This bill creates a Maine income tax credit for: <u>Maine residents</u> who work in certain green jobs or in the fields of science, technology, engineering or mathematics <u>in this State</u> and 	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IM	PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						4. <u>who make student loan payments</u> related to their attendance at an accredited community college, college or university.			
						 The income tax credit is equal to the lesser of a benchmark loan payment amount calculated by the State Tax Assessor and the taxpayer's monthly loan payment amount, multiplied by the number of months that the taxpayer made loan payments within the taxable year. The income tax credit is refundable to the extent that the taxpayer's loans were part of financial aid package to obtain or attempt to obtain an associate, bachelor's or graduate degree from an accredited community college, college or university. 			
1413	1471				An Act To Provide Equity in the State Income Tax Deduction for Certain Public Employees Retirement System Pensions	This bill establishes an income tax exemption for civil service retirement plan benefits for recipients who do not participate in the federal social security program in recognition of the fact that the current law provides an income exemption for all social security benefits in addition to a \$10,000 pension exemption for retirement plan benefits. The bill phases in greater parity in treatment of the 2 types of pension systems by increasing the civil service pension deduction amount by \$5,000 per year until 2025 when it reaches the maximum annual benefit that an individual retiring at retirement age would receive under the federal Social Security Act.	ONTP/ OTPA		
1418	1464	5/5	5/11		An Act To Allow a Local Option Sales Tax on Meals and Lodging	This bill allows a municipality to impose a local option sales tax of no more than 1%, which may be seasonal, on prepared food, not including marijuana or marijuana products, and short-term lodging if approved by referendum of the voters in that municipality. Revenue from the local option sales tax is distributed at the rate of 85% to the municipality and 15% to all other municipalities. Revenue received by a municipality may not be used to reduce or eliminate funding otherwise due the municipality under other provisions of law.	ONTP		
1423	1104		5/26O TPA/		An Act To Prevent and Reduce Tobacco Use by Ensuring Adequate	This bill ensures <u>future funding for the existing</u> Tobacco Prevention and Control Program	OTPA/ ONTP	MRS preliminary	/ fiscal impact

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most	ACTION	FY22	FY23
			ONTP			administered by the Department of Health and Human Services, Bureau of Health <u>may not be less than the</u> <u>lesser</u> of: 1. the <u>actual revenue collected on the sales of</u>	Recommitted to TAX Carryover	Not pro	
43	1756		5/11 5/18	Collings		LD 1693 was tabled in HHS on 5/20. This bill establishes 5 new tax brackets for income exceeding \$100,000 for persons filing as single individuals or married individuals filing separately,	ONTP		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						\$150,000 for individuals filing as head of household and \$200,000 for individuals filing married joint returns or surviving spouses.			
1448	1597	5/4	5/10		An Act To Increase State Reimbursement to Municipalities for Revenue Lost Due to the Homestead Property Tax Exemption	This bill increases the state reimbursement for the property tax revenue lost by a municipality due to the Maine resident homestead property tax exemption to 100% beginning with property tax years beginning on or after April 1, 2022. This bill also specifies that the property tax assessed on a homestead eligible for the homestead exemption may not be less than \$100.	OTPA/ ONTP		
1458	1415		5/4	, C	An Act To Expand Incentives To Live and Work in Maine through a Partial Tax Credit for Certain Student Loans	 This bill provides a <u>nonrefundable income tax credit:</u> 1. up to \$1,000 per year for eligible individuals 2. for certain student loan payments made during the tax year 3. if the <u>individuals were employed in Maine</u> for at least 4 months of the tax year for which the credit is first claimed and for every month thereafter in years for which the credit is claimed. 	ONTP		
						 <u>*Eligible individual</u>" is a resident individual who had received degree from accredited Maine or non-Maine community college, college or university. The credit is equal to the lesser of: 1. 50% of the loan payments actually made and 2. 50% of income tax liability in the first year in which the credit is claimed, which declines to 10% of income tax liability in the 5th and final year in which the credit is claimed. 			
						The credit may not exceed 50% of the individual's outstanding student loan debt and may not be claimed if the individual claims the credit for educational opportunity.			
1462	1414	5/5	5/10		An Act To Serve the Public Interest, Promote Journalism and Save Jobs by Restoring the Sales and Use Tax Exemption for Newspapers	This bill provides an exemption from the sales and use tax for newspapers serving the public interest, which are publications on newsprint, sold for money and published not less than once every 2 weeks, that provide news coverage on the activities of state and	ONTP/ OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						local governments and community affairs and that provide a format for editorial commentary.			
						NOT UPDATED			
1468	205	5/5	5/10			This bill requires all use taxes collected on the rental of all-terrain vehicles to be deposited in the ATV Recreational Management Fund.	OTPA		
						NOT UPDATED			
1482	1310	5/4	5/10		Homeowners	This bill removes the requirement that a person own a homestead in this State for 12 months before being eligible for the homestead property tax exemption. This bill also requires the State to provide reimbursement of 100% of the revenue lost by a municipality due to removing that 12-month requirement, but only for the first year of eligibility. If a resident is eligible for the homestead exemption but does not take it until after the first year of eligibility, that exemption is eligible only for 70% reimbursement by the State. After the first year of eligibility, the state reimbursement rate drops to the current rate of 70%. NOT UPDATED	OTPA		
1500	1697		5/11 5/18		Law by Adjusting Certain Individual Income Tax Rates	This bill changes the individual income tax brackets to provide 4 brackets rather than 3. The bill adds a new bracket of 12.4% on taxable income exceeding \$200,000 for single individuals and married persons filing separately, \$300,000 for heads of households and \$400,000 for individuals filing married joint returns and surviving spouses.	ONTP		
1514	935	5/12	5/26		Property Taxation by Assessing a One-time Tax on Financial Assets	This bill establishes a <u>one-time tax on any person</u> owning financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, securities and other financial instruments, with a fair market value <u>in excess of \$5,000,000</u> . The <u>tax is equal to 0.5% of the amount by which the</u> fair market value of a person's financial assets	OTPA/ ONTP	Admin costs: FY 22	ary fiscalimpact \$100,000+
						exceeds \$5,000,000 TP files statement; the <u>State Tax Assessor determines</u> the amount of tax due, enforces the collection of the		Revenue impact	NOT AVAIIAble

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IM	PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						tax and may adopt routine technical rules necessary to administer and enforce the tax.			
						Distribution of revenue:			
						 <u>50%</u> of the receipts from the tax to the <u>Local</u> <u>Government Fund</u> and <u>50%</u> of the receipts from the tax to the <u>Housing</u> <u>Opportunities for Maine Fun</u>d. 			
						Tax applies only to tax years beginning on 1/1/21.			
						MRS has significant technical and administrative concerns.			
1516	1982	5/4	5/11		An Act To Amend the Property Tax Exemption for Persons Who Are Legally Blind	This bill amends the property tax exemption available to a resident of the State who is legally blind to exempt 10% of the just value of residential real estate owned by the resident from the property tax.	ONTP		
1524	1459	5/13	5/26	0	An Act To Amend the Maine Exclusion Amount in the Estate Tax	 This bill returns the exclusion amount, below which the Maine estate tax does not apply, to \$2,000,000 from the \$5,600,000 in current law for estates of decedents dying on or after January 1, 2022. <u>SAME AS LD 1704:</u> This bill also creates an <u>additional exclusion amount</u> of up to \$3,800,000 from the estate tax for: family farms and commercial aquaculture, commercial fishing and commercial wood harvesting businesses This additional exclusion applies to farmland depreciable machinery and equipment used in commercial agriculture, aquaculture, fishing or wood harvesting that is inherited by a family member and remains in commercial use for 5 years following transfer. 	OTPA/ ONTP	MRS preliminary Admin costs: FY 22 \$338,960 FY 23 641,612 Revenue impact: provided	/ fiscal impact

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Both the \$2,000,000 exclusion amount and the \$3,800,000 additional exclusion <u>amount are annually</u> adjusted for inflation beginning in 2024.			
1525	2004	5/4	5/10		An Act To Exempt from Sales Tax Plastic Bags Required by a Municipal Solid Waste Management Program	This bill exempts from sales tax certain plastic bags that a municipality or other political subdivision of the State requires for the storage or disposal of solid waste in accordance with a solid waste management program adopted by the municipality or other political subdivision of the State. NOT UPDATED	ONTP		
1569	1866	5/18	5/25		An Act Regarding an Excise Tax on Water Extracted for Commercial Bottling	This bill creates an <u>excise tax of 5¢ per gallon</u> of water <u>extracted by bottled water</u> operators for the privilege of extracting water <u>for commercial bottling for sale</u> Tax applies to bottled water operators who extracted more than 1,500,000 gallons of water in the previous calendar year. 'Bottled water operator" is a person engaged in the business of bottling or packaging water for sale. MRS has technical concerns.	OTPA/ ONTP	MRS prelimin Admin: significant Revenue impact:	Potentially Not available
1598	1695	5/12	5/20	-	An Act To Eliminate Taxpayer Subsidies for Discriminatory Employers	This bill provides that <u>persons that violate laws against</u> <u>discrimination or certain labor laws are not eligible for</u> <u>certain state financial assistance</u> . <u>Exclusions apply for violation of:</u> 1. Maine Human Rights Act 2. Employment Practices under the DoL 3. Federal civil rights law US EEOC 4. Fair Labor Standards Act US DOL <u>Excluded benefits</u> include: 1. Prohibition on receiving State grants if found to have engaged in discriminatory practices. 2. Excluded from BETE 3. Excluded from BETE 3. Excluded from BETR MRS indicates "significant technical concerns."	ONTP	MRS prelimii Admin Revenue impact Grant impact	hary fiscal impact \$44,000 Not available No information

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
638 2	201	5/13	5/26	Bailey	An Act To Help Seniors and Certain Persons with Disabilities Remain in Their Homes by Providing for the Deferral of Property Taxes	 This bill reinstates the State's property tax deferral program for individuals age 65+, which was in effect for applications filed before April 1, 1991. The State pays the municipality the amount of deferred taxes and acquires a lien to recover amounts paid plus interest when individual is no longer living in the property. The bill modifies the program to include households with at least one individual who is 65 years of age or older or who is unable to continue employment due to disability and to surviving spouses who are unable to continue employment due to disability and provides that income must be less than \$40,000. Liquid assets must be less than \$50,000 for1 person, \$75,000 for 2+ persons) Property must receive homestead exemption. The bill also changes the rate of accrual of interest on deferred property taxes from 6% to the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal rounded up to the next whole percent minus one percentage point. Provides that property may not be subject to deferral under both the state deferral program and a municipal deferral of property taxes for seniors and certain persons with disabilities, including expanding the authority of guardians to include an agent under a power of attorney or pursuant to a protective arrangement or any other lawful order. The bill requires use of funds in the Property Tax Relief Fund for Maine Residents in case there are not sufficient funds to pay for the property tax deferral program; current law requires transfers from the General Fund. 	OTPA		

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						requires that <u>additional transfers be made from the</u> <u>Housing Opportunities for Maine Fund to cover the</u> <u>shortfall.</u>			
						This bill <u>requires repayment of those transfers</u> , with interest, first to the Housing Opportunities for Maine Fund and then to the Property Tax Relief Fund when there are sufficient funds available for those reimbursements.			
						MeSHA has concerns about use of its funds for this purpose.			
						MRS has significant technical concerns.			
1651	1495	5/18	5/27		An Act To Support Working Families through Outreach and Education about Tax Credits for Persons of Low Income	 This bill provides <u>eligibility for the earned income tax</u> credit to individuals who are immigrants who file federal income tax returns using a federally assigned individual taxpayer identification number. This bill provides <u>ongoing funds of \$150,000 per year</u> beginning in fiscal year 2021-22 to the <u>New Ventures</u> Maine program within the University of Maine System for a statewide collaboration of nonprofit and for-profit partners to provide: <u>free volunteer tax assistance</u>, including the filing of state tax returns; <u>outreach to low-income individuals and families about federal and state tax credits;</u> <u>financial education</u>, connections to financial services and other resources; education for providers and volunteers; and 6. statewide data collection. 	OTPA	MRS preliminar	
						The bill also requires the <u>New Ventures Maine</u> program to submit an annual report describing its activities in the previous calendar year in providing tax assistance to low-income individuals and families. MRS has technical concerns.			
1667	1217	5/18	5/25		An Act To Create a Tax Credit for Maine Workers Who Have Earned	This bill <u>creates the Educational Certificate Tax Credit</u> <u>Program,</u> modeled on the Job Creation Through Educational Opportunity Program, <u>for workers who</u>	ONTP	MRS preliminar Admin costs: \$	y fiscal impact 33,000

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IM	PACT ¹
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
					Certificates from Accredited Institutions	receive a certificate from an accredited postsecondary educational institution denoting completion of a course of study required for an occupation or to enter or advance in an occupation. Credit is based on loan payments for loans that are part of individual's financial aid package		Revenue impact:: No	ot available
						<u>Credit for individuals</u> is lesser of: 1. monthly benchmark loan payments or 2. monthly actual loan payment <u>Credit for employer:</u> actual monthly loan payments made directly to lender for			
						employee <u>Reports required:</u> 1. Colleges and universities report info to DoE 2. DoE reports findings and recommendations to Legislature (EDU and TAX) 3. DAFS, Office of Tax Policy reports implementation and statistics to Legislature (EDU and TAX). In conjunction with State Economist and DoL, must include analysis of costs of the credits and impact on State's labor force. TAX and EDU may report out bills.			
						MRS has technical concerns.			
1677	743	5/13	5/18		An Act To Support Frontline Workers by Adding a Temporary Tax Bracket Affecting High Earners	This bill establishes a <u>temporary 3% income tax</u> <u>surcharge individual filers</u> with income over \$200,000 singled married filing separately \$350,000 heads of households \$500.000 for married joint and surviving spouses Surcharge <u>applies in tax years beginning 2021 and</u> <u>2022.</u>	ONTP		
						Revenue from the surcharge goes to fund created by the bill to fund grants to frontline workers as provided in the bill.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹		
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23	
						This bill requires the Department of Labor to create the a <u>program to provide grants to frontline workers</u> ,. Frontline workers are who are those workers who conduct an operation, service or function that is essential to ensuring the continuity of critical functions, including, without limitation, health care workers, firefighters, law enforcement officers, corrections officers, food and agricultural workers, United States Postal Service workers, manufacturing workers, grocery store workers, public transit workers and persons who work in the educational sector, such as teachers, support staff or child care workers.				
1678	718	5/18			An Act To Support Child Care Providers and School Readiness through Tax Credits	 This bill does the following for quality child care services, beginning in 2022. 1. It provides a <u>refundable tax credit of \$1,000 to</u> \$2,000 per eligible child to child care providers that provide services to children whose parents are participating in the child care subsidy program operated by the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services or foster children in the custody of the Department of Health and Human Services. The <u>amount of the credit is based on the quality of the child care provider</u> as determined pursuant to a quality rating and improvement system based on standards for center-based child care programs developed by the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services, office of child and Family Services of foster child care provider as determined pursuant to a quality rating and improvement system based on standards for center-based child care programs developed by the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services. 	carryover		u ary fiscal impact \$200,000+ not available	
						2. It provides <u>a refundable tax credit of \$1,000 to</u> \$5,000 to administrators, educators and other professional support staff of child care providers that provide services to children whose parents are participating in the child care subsidy program operated by the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child and Family Services or foster children in the custody of the Department of Health and Human Services. The <u>amount of the credit is</u> <u>based on individual qualification score lattices</u> <u>developed and established for administrators,</u> <u>management, owners and coordinators and educators</u>				

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
			ſ			and other support staff of child care facilities through a			
						collaborative partnership between the Cutler Institute			
						of Health and Social Policy at the University of			
						Southern Maine, the University of Maine Center for			
						Community Inclusion and Disability Studies and the			
						Department of Psychology at the University of Maine.			
						3. It amends the current income tax credit for child			
						care expenses to allow a taxpayer to obtain a credit of			
						between 50% and 200% of the federal tax credit,			
						depending on the quality rating of the child care site			
						providing child care services for the child of the			
						taxpayer. Current law allows up to 50% of the federal			
						tax credit if the child care expenses are incurred			
						through the use of quality child care services.			
						4. It provides a tax credit of a percentage of expenses			
						paid by an employer to provide child care and			
						education services to the children of its employees,			
						either on site, at a facility licensed or registered with			
						the Department of Health and Human Services or			
						through child care resource and referral services or			
						vouchers for the purpose of paying for child care and			
						education services. The percentage of expenses that			
						may be taken by the employer is <u>determined by the</u> quality rating of the child care facility.			
						5. It indexes for inflation the dollar amounts of the tax			
						credits beginning annually in 2023.			
						6. It requires the Office of Child and Family Services			
						to notify the State Tax Assessor immediately of any			
						changes to the grading and scoring systems used to			
						determine child care-related tax credits and requires			
						the office, after consultation with the assessor, to			
						submit a report and suggested legislation to implement			
						the changes to the grading and scoring systems.			
						7. It requires the OPEGA, beginning in 2025, to review			
						the tax credits provided by this legislation to determine			
						whether the specific public policy objectives and			
						economic benefit of the credits outweigh the loss of			
						revenue to the State and <u>annually report</u> its findings to			
						the joint standing committee of the Legislature having			
						jurisdiction over taxation matters.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						MRS has technical concerns.			
						OPEGA has concerns			
1689	1329	5/18			An Act To Ensure Equity in the Clean Energy Economy by Providing a Limited Tax Exemption for Certain Clean Energy Infrastructure Projects	This bill allows <u>a sales tax refund or exemption</u> 1. to a person who purchases <u>machinery or</u> <u>equipment</u> 2. for direct use in the development and construction of a clean energy product. The exemption or refund is <u>equal to 75% of the sales</u> tax otherwise due. " <u>Clean energy project"</u> is defined as the development and construction of infrastructure for the generation, storage, transformation or transmission of electricity generated using 1. fuel cells, 2. wind, 3. solar cells, 4. biomass, 5. tides or waves, 6. geothermal resources 7. or technology that converts otherwise lost energy from exhaust. Eligibility for the exemption or reimbursement is administered by the Department of Labor. DoL must issue a certificate that the person qualifies for the exemption or refund. Applicant must: 1. demonstrate to the DoL that the clean energy project 2. results in a meaningful economic impact on an overburdened community, as defined;	carryover		ary fiscal impact
						 supports local manufacturing; and is developed under a community benefits agreement or project labor agreement. 5. The applicant may also apply to the STA for a 			
						certificate of eligibility for an exemption instead of a refund.			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						The bill requires the Governor's Office of Policy Innovation and the Future to develop a detailed supply chain manufacturing assessment of how the State can support existing manufacturing and attract additional manufacturing associated with renewable energy industries, including, but not limited to, heat pumps and solar, offshore wind, hydrogen and tidal power.			
						MRS has numerous technical concerns.			
1704	1805	5/18			An Act To Change the Exclusion Amount under the Estate Tax and Provide Additional Funding for the Housing Opportunities for Maine Fund	 This bill reduces the exclusion amount, below which the Maine estate tax does not apply, to \$1,000,000 from \$5,600,000 for estates of decedents dying on or after January 1, 2022 and removes the annual adjustment for inflation of that exclusion amount. <u>SAME AS LD 1524:</u> This bill also creates an <u>additional exclusion amount</u> of up to \$3,800,000 from the estate tax for: <u>family farms and</u> <u>commercial aquaculture,</u> <u>commercial fishing and</u> <u>commercial wood harvesting businesses</u> This additional exclusion applies to farmland <u>depreciable machinery and equipment</u> used in commercial agriculture, aquaculture, fishing that is inherited by a family member and <u>remains in commercial use for 5 years following transfer.</u> 	carryover		ary fiscal impact
						Distribution of revenue: The Treasurer of State must credit <u>1. 50% of the revenue generated by the reduction in</u> <u>the exclusion amount</u> beginning January 1, 2022 to the General Fund and 2, 50% <u>the Maine State Housing Authority</u> to the HOME Fund The bill directs the Maine State Housing Authority in			
						consultation with the Permanent Commission on the			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	R TITLE	SUMMARY	COMM	FISCAL IMPACT ¹		
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23	
						Status of Racial, Indigenous and Maine Tribal Populations to develop a racial equity assessment tool to use when evaluating project funding and report to the Joint Standing Committee on Labor and Housing on the development of this tool no later than October 1, 2022.				
1713	521		5/25 5/27			This bill creates a refundable Maine income tax credit for: 1. Paper manufacturers 2. providing workforce training to employees 3, as long as certain employment and wage levels are met. The income tax credit is equal to the amount of workforce training wages paid to certain employees each year and is subject to a limit of \$2,000,000 per year among all eligible employers and \$12,000,000 in total. The income tax credit is subject to ongoing legislative review. This bill also requires employers receiving the income tax credit to file annual reports with the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development and requires the commissioner and State Tax Assessor to annually report to the joint standing committee of the Legislature having jurisdiction over taxation matters certain statistics and data related to the income tax credit. SPONSOR PROPOSED AMENDMENT Credit is based on qualified investment rather than workforce training expenditures. Qualified investment must be at least \$15,000,000 before 1/1/24 to acquire, modernize or improve machinery used to produce paper. Must employ at least 400 employees at least 75% of whom earn at least 115% of annual per capita personal income for the county where employed Must not be located in a "low-income" community as defined in federal new markets credit law.	OTPA			

LD	LR	PH	WS	SPONSOR	TITLE	SUMMARY	СОММ	FISCAL IN	
						(Summaries may not reflect content of most recent committee action)	ACTION	FY22	FY23
						Must be headquartered in Maine Cumulative credits for all certified applicants may not exceed \$1,600,000 per year or \$16,000,000 in total			
1732	2066			-	An Act To Amend the Sales Tax Exemption for Nonprofit Housing Development Organizations	This bill clarifies that the <u>sales tax exemption for sales</u> to nonprofit housing development organizations applies only to nonprofit organizations developing housing for people earning less than 120% of the median income for the area, adjusted for family size.	carryover		
1737	2114				An Act To Clarify the Definition of "Qualified Investment" for Purposes of the Income Tax Credit for Paper Manufacturing Facility Investment	This bill amends the law governing the refundable fincome tax credit for paper manufacturers by changing the definition of "qualified investment" to exclude investments made prior to January 1, 2019 or after December 31, 2023. Public Law 2021, chapter 482 excludes investments made prior to January 1, 2021 or after December 31, 2025. The bill also amends Public Law 2021, chapter 482 to repeal the effective date of January 1, 2024.			